



THE IMPACT OF CHRONIC DISEASE IN TIMOR-LESTE

Chronic diseases are the major cause of death and disability worldwide

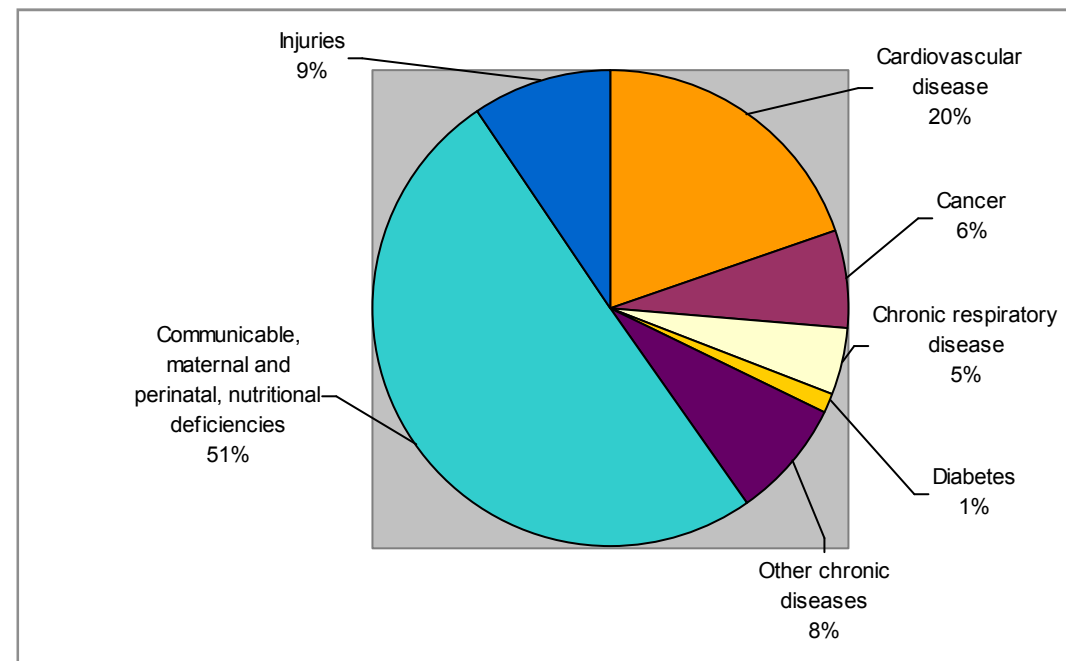
Facts:

- In Timor-Leste, chronic diseases accounted for 40% of all deaths in 2002 (see chart, right).
 - Total deaths in Timor-Leste, 2002 = 6,800 (rounded to nearest 100).
 - Total deaths due to chronic disease in Timor-Leste, 2002 = 2,700 (rounded to nearest 100).

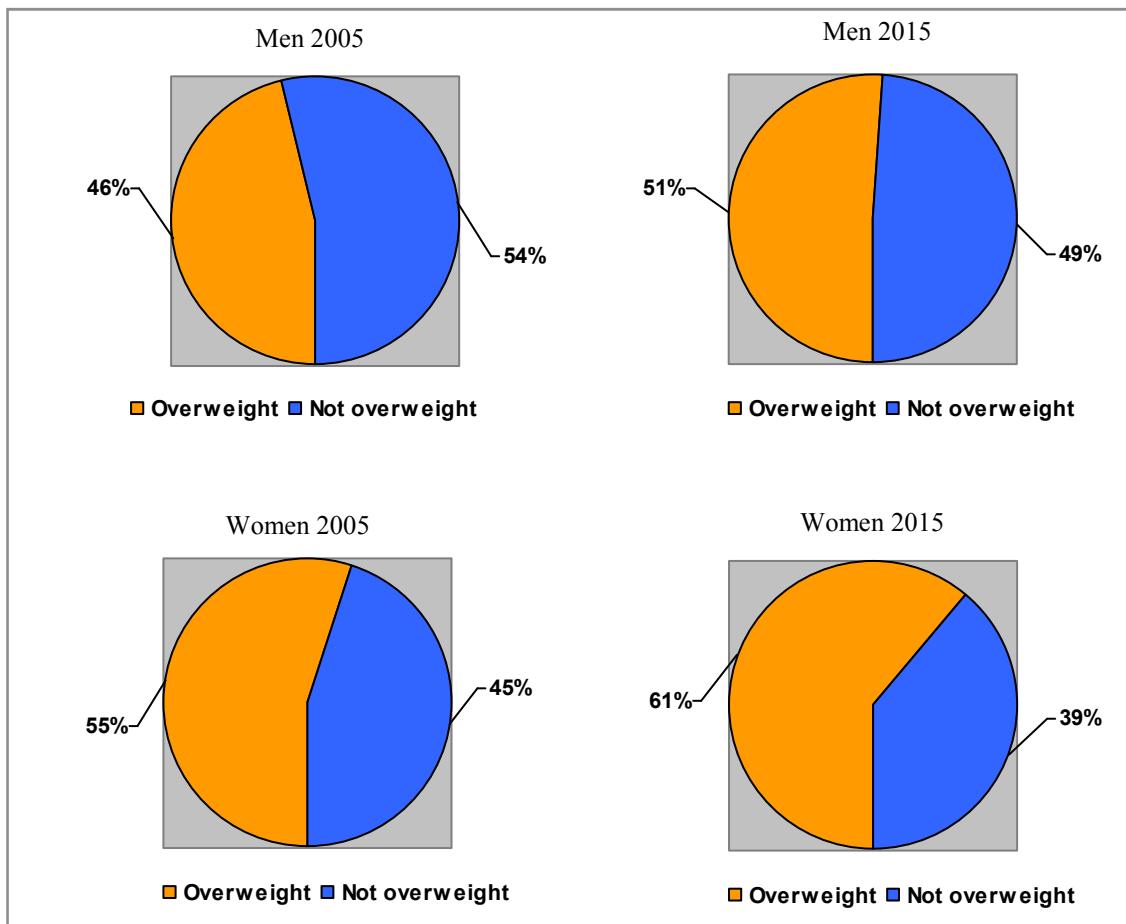
Note:

The data presented in this information sheet were estimated by WHO using standard methods to maximize cross-country comparability. They are not necessarily the official statistics of WHO Member States.

Deaths by cause, all ages, Timor-Leste, 2002



Projected prevalence of overweight, Timor-Leste, males and females aged 30 years or more, 2005 and 2015



Facts:

- Raised body mass index (overweight and obesity) is an important cause of chronic disease.
- Prevalence of overweight in Timor-Leste is expected to increase in both men and women over the next 10 years (see charts, left).

Solutions:

- At least 80% of premature heart disease, stroke and type 2 diabetes, and 40% of cancer could be prevented through healthy diet, regular physical activity and avoidance of tobacco products.
- Cost-effective interventions exist, and have worked in many countries: the most successful strategies have employed a range of population-wide approaches combined with interventions for individuals.