

H5N1 avian influenza: Timeline of major events

27 July 2009

Early Events

Date	Events in Animals	Events in Humans
1996	Highly pathogenic H5N1 virus is isolated from a farmed goose in Guangdong Province, China .	
1997	Outbreaks of highly pathogenic H5N1 are reported in poultry at farms and live animal markets in Hong Kong .	Human infections with avian influenza H5N1 are reported in Hong Kong . Altogether, 18 cases (6 fatal) are reported in the first known instance of human infection with this virus.
Feb 2003		Two human cases of avian influenza H5N1 infection (one fatal) are confirmed in a Hong Kong family with a recent travel history to Fujian Province, China . A third family member died of severe respiratory disease while in mainland China, but no samples were taken.

Subsequent Events

Date	Events in Animals	Events in Humans
25 Nov 2003		A fatal human case of avian influenza H5N1 infection occurs in China in a 24-year-old man from Beijing and is attributed to SARS. This case is retrospectively confirmed in August of 2006 (as the 20 th human case in China).
12 Dec 2003	Republic of Korea first reports H5N1 in poultry. Outbreaks continue through September 2004.	
Dec 2003 - Jan 2004	Two tigers and two leopards, fed on fresh chicken carcasses, die unexpectedly at a zoo in Thailand . Subsequent investigation identifies a H5N1 virus similar to that circulating in poultry. This is the first report of influenza causing disease and death in big cats.	
8 Jan 2004	Viet Nam first reports H5N1 in poultry. Outbreaks continue to be reported on a regular basis.	

11 Jan 2004		Viet Nam identifies H5N1 as the cause of human cases of severe respiratory disease with high fatality. Sporadic human cases are reported through mid-March.
12 Jan 2004	Japan first reports H5N1 in poultry, outbreaks continue in commercial poultry through March 2004.	
19 Jan 2004	Hong Kong reports H5N1 in a dead wild bird (first report in birds since poultry outbreak in 1997)	
23 Jan 2004	Thailand first reports H5N1 in poultry. By the end of January, 32 provinces (throughout the north and several in the south) report outbreaks in many types of poultry, including fighting cocks, and outbreaks continue to be reported throughout the year. The virus appears closely related to the isolates from human cases in Viet Nam. Thailand prohibits vaccination of poultry.	Thailand reports two laboratory-confirmed cases of human infection with H5N1. Sporadic human cases are reported through mid-March.
24 Jan 2004	Cambodia first reports H5N1 in poultry.	
27 Jan 2004	Lao PDR first reports H5N1 in poultry.	
1 Feb 2004		Investigation of a family cluster of H5N1 cases, which occurred in Viet Nam in early January, cannot rule out the possibility of limited human-to-human transmission.
2 Feb 2004	Indonesia first reports H5N1 in poultry in 11 provinces. Outbreaks continue to be reported. Vaccination is allowed.	
4 Feb 2004	China first reports H5N1 in poultry. During February-March, 16 mainland provinces are affected, and approx. 9 million poultry culled. Government-subsidized vaccination initiated.	
20 Feb 2004	A report from Thailand confirms that a domestic cat was infected with H5N1 after eating an infected pigeon. ¹	
18 Mar 2004		<i>Research</i> ² Case studies of 10 patients in Viet Nam point to close contact with infected poultry as the probable source of infection in most cases, but conclude that, in two family clusters, limited human-to-human transmission within the family cannot be ruled out.
Jun/Jul 2004	China reports recurrence of H5N1 in poultry. Outbreaks continue to be reported in Indonesia, Viet Nam and Thailand .	
8 Jul 2004	<i>Research</i> ³ Research identifies the dominant Z genotype in poultry, considers possible	

	role of wild birds in spread, and concludes that H5N1 has found a new ecological niche in poultry, but is not yet fully adapted to this host.	
13 Jul 2004	<i>Research</i> ⁴ Research shows that H5N1 has become progressively more lethal for mammals and can kill wild waterfowl, long considered a disease-free natural reservoir.	
Jul 2004		<i>Research</i> ⁵ A case report is published indicating atypical human H5N1 infection in Thailand (from March 2004), with fever and diarrhoea but no respiratory symptoms. The report suggests that the clinical spectrum of disease may be broader than previously thought.
12 Aug 2004		Viet Nam reports 3 new human cases, all fatal (first cases since February). Dates of hospital admission are from 19 July to 8 August.
19 Aug 2004	Malaysia (peninsular) first reports H5N1 in poultry. Outbreaks and positive avian surveillance samples continue to be reported through September 2004.	
20 Aug 2004	<i>Research</i> ⁶ Chinese researchers report preliminary findings of H5N1 infection in pigs. No evidence suggests that pig infections are widespread, and the finding appears to have limited epidemiological significance.	
2 Sep 2004	<i>Research</i> ⁷ Research shows that domestic cats experimentally infected with H5N1 develop severe disease and can spread infection to other cats. Prior to this research, domestic cats were considered resistant to disease from all influenza A viruses.	
7 Sep 2004		A 4 th fatal human case is reported in Viet Nam .
9 Sep 2004		Thailand confirms its third fatal case of human infection.
28 Sep 2004		Thailand confirms 2 further human cases.
4 Oct 2004		Thailand confirms its 4 th human case.
18 Oct 2004	Two healthy Hawk-Eagles smuggled from Thailand are seized at Brussels International Airport. HPAI H5N1 is isolated.	
20 Oct 2004	A second outbreak of HPAI H5N1 in zoo tigers in Thailand occurs. It is	

	attributed to tigers having been fed fresh chicken carcasses and whole chickens. Altogether, 147 tigers out of a population of 441 die or are euthanized. No virus is detected in birds in zoo or local area.	
25 Oct 2004		Thailand confirms its 5 th human case.
29 Oct 2004	<i>Research</i> ⁸ Research confirms that domestic ducks can act as silent reservoirs, excreting large quantities of highly pathogenic virus yet showing few if any signs of illness.	
3 Nov 2004	Hong Kong SAR reports H5N1 in a dead wild bird (last report January 2004).	
Dec 2004	Poultry outbreaks continue in Indonesia, Thailand, and Viet Nam and possibly also in Cambodia and Lao PDR . Reported outbreaks continue more or less continuously in Indonesia through August 2006, in Thailand through November 2005, and in Viet Nam through December 2005.	
30 Dec 2004		Viet Nam confirms a new case.
6 Jan 2005		Viet Nam confirms 2 further cases.
14 Jan 2005	Hong Kong reports H5N1 in one wild bird as part of routine surveillance.	Total number of human cases in Viet Nam rises to 6. Sporadic cases continue to be reported over the coming months, making Viet Nam the hardest hit country.
27 Jan 2005		<i>Research</i> ⁹ Research concludes that a girl in Thailand probably passed the virus to at least her mother in September 2004, causing fatal disease. This is the first published account of probable secondary human transmission, resulting in severe disease, of any avian influenza virus.
2 Feb 2005		Cambodia confirms its first human case, which is fatal.
17 Feb 2005		<i>Research</i> ¹⁰ Research retrospectively identifies at least one fatal atypical case in Viet Nam (from Feb 2004), presenting with diarrhoea and encephalitis, but normal chest X-rays.
29 Mar 2005		Cambodia confirms its 2 nd human case, also fatal.
12 Apr 2005		Cambodia confirms its 3 rd human case, also fatal.
30 Apr 2005	Wild birds begin dying at Qinghai Lake in central China, where hundreds of thousands of migratory birds	

	congregate. Altogether, 6,345 birds from different species die in the coming weeks. This is the first reported instance of any HPAI causing mass die-offs in wild birds.	
4 May 2005		Cambodia confirms its 4 th human case, also fatal.
8 Jun 2005	China reports poultry outbreak in Xinjiang Autonomous Region. Reports continue from several provinces, through February 2006.	
26 Jun 2005	Japan reports LPAI H5N2 in poultry, which continues to be detected through April 2006. Source remains unconfirmed, though one rumour suggests the strain was introduced via improperly prepared vaccine.	
30 Jun 2005		A WHO investigative team finds no evidence that H5N1 has increased its transmissibility in humans in Viet Nam.
6 Jul 2005	<i>Research</i> ¹¹ Research on viruses isolated from dead birds in Qinghai Lake suggests the outbreak was caused by a new H5N1 variant that may be more lethal to wild birds and experimentally infected mice.	
7 Jul 2005	The Philippines reports LPAI (likely an H9) in poultry.	
14 Jul 2005	<i>Research</i> ¹² Research on viruses isolated from dead birds in Qinghai Lake demonstrates transmission of the virus among migratory geese and suggests that the virus may be carried along winter migratory routes.	
15 Jul 2005	H5N1 is detected in three captive Owston's palm civets that died in late June in a Vietnamese wildlife preserve. This is the first reported infection of this species with the virus. The civets were not fed chicken and the source of infection remains unknown.	
21 Jul 2005		Indonesia confirms its first human case. Infection in two other family members is considered likely, but cannot be laboratory confirmed. Subsequent investigation is unable to determine the source of infection. Virus has been circulating in poultry in Indonesia since February 2004.
23 Jul 2005	Russia reports first outbreaks of H5N1, in poultry in the Novosibirsk region. Dead migratory birds are reported in the vicinity of outbreaks. From 23 July- 22 December 2005, a total of 62 sites in 10	

	regions are confirmed as HPAI H5N1-positive.	
29 Jul 2005	Kazakhstan reports first H5N1 in poultry in areas adjacent to Siberia. Dead migratory birds are reported in the vicinity of outbreaks.	
2 Aug 2005	Indonesia reports H5N1 in poultry and pigs during surveillance in the region where the recent human cases lived (Tangerang district, Banten province, West Java).	
10 Aug 2005	China reports additional outbreaks in several provinces through February 2006. Vaccination is initiated in affected regions using an H5N2 monovalent inactivated vaccine. Mongolia reports deaths in 89 migratory birds at two lakes in Northern Mongolia. H5N1 is subsequently identified in 4 of the birds.	
16 Sep 2005		Indonesia confirms its 2 nd case.
22 Sep 2005		Indonesia confirms its 3 rd case.
29 Sep 2005		Indonesia confirms its 4 th case. <i>Research</i> ¹³ Research describes the clinical features of H5N1 infection and reviews recommendations for the management of cases.
Oct 2005		<i>Research</i> ¹⁴ Research on the evolution of human and animal viruses circulating in Asia in 2005 suggests that several amino acids located near the receptor-binding site are undergoing change, some of which may affect antigenicity or transmissibility.
6 Oct 2005	Highly pathogenic H5N1 is first reported in poultry in Turkey .	<i>Research</i> ^{15, 16} Research describes reconstruction of the lethal 1918 pandemic virus, concludes that this virus was entirely avian, and finds some similarities with H5N1.
7 Oct 2005	Highly pathogenic H5N1 is first reported in poultry in Romania . Reports continue through July 2006.	
10 Oct 2005		Indonesia confirms its 5 th human case.
20 Oct 2005	Taiwan, China reports the detection of highly pathogenic H5N1 in a cargo of exotic songbirds smuggled from mainland China.	Thailand confirms its 18 th human case (the first human case in Thailand since October 2004).
21 Oct 2005	Croatia first reports H5N1 in wild birds (migratory swans). H5N1 continues to be reported in wild birds on routine surveillance, through April 2006.	
23 Oct 2005	The United Kingdom reports highly	

	pathogenic H5N1 in an imported parrot, held in quarantine, that died 3 days earlier.	
24 Oct 2005		Thailand confirms its 19 th human case, and Indonesia confirms its 6 th and 7 th human cases.
9 Nov 2005		Viet Nam confirms its 65 th human case (its first human case since July 2005).
11 Nov 2005	Kuwait detects highly pathogenic H5N1 in a single migratory flamingo, marking the first report of this disease in the Gulf region.	
17 Nov 2005		China confirms its first two human cases, from Hunan and Anhui provinces (does not include the case in 2003, confirmed retrospectively).
24 Nov 2005		China confirms its third human case, from Anhui province. Sporadic cases continue to be reported in the coming weeks.
2 Dec 2005	Ukraine reports its first H5N1 outbreak in domestic birds in Crimea. Outbreaks continue to be reported through February 2006.	
26 Dec 2005	Turkey reports a new outbreak in poultry in the eastern province of Iğdir. Through April 2006, additional outbreaks are reported in primarily backyard poultry in 11 of the country's 81 provinces. Wild birds are also reported to be infected. Control measures include culling of poultry in Iraqi Kurdistan and all backyard poultry in Iran within 10 km of the Turkish border. Vaccination is prohibited.	
Jan 2006	Qinghai Lake-like H5N1 viruses are reportedly isolated from cats in Northern Iraq. ¹⁷	By the end of 2005, Indonesia has confirmed a total of 20 cases in humans.
5 Jan 2006		Turkey confirms its first two human cases. Sporadic cases continue to be reported in the coming weeks, but rapidly end. Viruses are similar to those currently circulating in birds.
20 Jan 2006	Hong Kong reports H5N1 in a dead wild bird (first report since January 2005), and H5N1 reports in wild birds (and in 2 chickens) continue through March 2006. These viruses all belong to H5N1 genotype V, which has previously been recorded in southern China, Japan and South Korea.	
30 Jan 2006		Iraq confirms its first human case, in a 15-year-old girl in Sulaimaniyah (onset date 9 January 2006).

1 Feb 2006	Iraq reports its first outbreak of H5N1, in backyard flocks in same village where human case detected.	
3 Feb 2006	Bulgaria first reports H5N1 in wild birds (swans).	
8 Feb 2006	Nigeria first reports H5N1 in poultry. This is the first report of the virus in Africa. Outbreaks in poultry and ornamental birds are reported through March 2006.	
9 Feb 2006	Greece first reports H5N1 in wild birds (swans). Additional reports in wild birds through March 2006.	
11 Feb 2006	Italy first reports H5N1 in wild birds.	
12 Feb 2006	Slovenia first reports H5N1 in a wild bird (swan). A total of 48 dead wild birds are reported through March 2006.	
13 Feb 2006	Iran first reports H5N1 in wild birds (swans) found dead on routine surveillance. Russia reports H5N1 outbreaks (at large commercial farms) in the Caucasus region, near the border with Azerbaijan. Further outbreaks are reported in backyard poultry, pigeons, and wild birds in Tyva Republic, Altaj, Tomsk, Omsk and Novosibirsk regions through July 2006. (first outbreak reported since October 2005)	China confirms its 12 th case and 8 th fatality. Some human cases have occurred in areas with no reported outbreaks in poultry. Indonesia confirms its 25 th case and 18 th fatality.
14 Feb 2006	Germany first reports H5N1 in wild birds (swans). Reports of H5N1 in wild birds on routine surveillance continue through April 2006.	
17 Feb 2006	Egypt reports its first H5N1 in domestic poultry (since 1965). Outbreaks continue to be reported through December 2006. France first reports H5N1 in a wild duck (followed by additional reports in other wild birds).	Iraq confirms its second human case.
18 Feb 2006	India first reports H5N1 in domestic poultry. Reported outbreaks continue through April 2006. Austria first reports H5N1 in wild birds (swans). Austria continues to find H5N1 in some wild birds on routine surveillance, until April 2006.	
19 Feb 2006	Malaysia reports H5N1 in a flock of free-range poultry (last reported September 2004). Outbreaks reported through March 2006.	
20 Feb 2006	Bosnia-Herzegovina and Slovakia each first report H5N1 in wild birds (migratory swans).	

21 Feb 2006	<p>Hungary first reports H5N1 in wild birds (swans). <i>Research</i>¹⁸</p> <p>Studies of H5N1 viruses show that multiple genetically and antigenically distinct sublineages of the virus are now established in poultry in parts of Asia. Poultry-to-poultry transmission is thought to sustain endemicity of the virus in this region. H5N1 virus is isolated from apparently healthy migratory birds in southern China, suggesting that migratory birds can carry the virus over long distances.</p>	
23 Mar 2006	<p>West Bank/Gaza Strip first reports H5N1 in poultry. Outbreaks reported through April 2006.</p>	
24 Feb 2006	<p>Azerbaijan first reports H5N1 in migratory birds. H5N1 is later also confirmed in poultry.</p> <p>Georgia first reports H5N1 in wild birds (swans).</p>	
25 Feb 2006	<p>France first reports H5N1 in a single turkey farm, marking the first appearance of this disease in domestic poultry in the EU. Had previously been identified in wild birds in France.</p>	
27 Feb 2006	<p>Niger first reports H5N1 in domestic poultry (area near border with affected states of northern Nigeria)</p> <p>Pakistan first reports H5N1 in poultry. Outbreaks are reported through July 2006.</p>	
28 Feb 2006	<p>Germany reports H5N1 infection in a dead domestic cat on the Isle of Ruegen. Two more cats on the Island are found to be infected in March. Cats are thought to have been exposed by eating infected birds.</p>	
1 Mar 2006	<p>Serbia-Montenegro first reports H5N1 in wild birds (swans).</p> <p>Switzerland first reports H5N1 in a dead wild bird. Additional wild birds are reported positive in March and April from various locations throughout the country on routine surveillance.</p>	
6 Mar 2006	<p>Poland first reports H5N1 in wild birds (swans). Reports continue through May 2006.</p>	
7 Mar 2006	<p>Albania first reports H5N1 in poultry (chickens).</p> <p>Austria reports H5N1 in 3 domestic cats in an animal shelter.</p>	
9 Mar 2006	<p>Germany reports H5N1 infection in a</p>	

	stone marten on the Isle of Ruegen, marking the first documented infection of this species with an avian influenza virus. Myanmar reports H5N1 in poultry (first since 1996).	
11 Mar 2006	Cameroon first reports H5N1 in domestic ducks.	
13 Mar 2006	Serbia-Montenegro first reports H5N1 in poultry (1 rooster). Had been previously reported in wild birds.	Iraq has its third human case, in a 3-year-old boy (case retrospectively confirmed in September, 2006)
14 Mar 2006	Denmark first reports H5N1 in a wild bird. Reports in wild birds continue through May of 2006.	Azerbaijan confirms its first human cases (onset dates from mid-February 2006).
15 Mar 2006	Afghanistan first reports H5N1 in poultry and a crow.	
16 Mar 2006	Israel first reports H5N1 in poultry. Sweden first reports H5N1 in 36 dead wild birds tested in February and March (no increase in overall wild bird mortality)	
17 Mar 2006	Khazakstan reports H5N1 in wild birds (first since August 2005) Sweden first reports HPAI H5 (no N type given) in poultry in a game bird holding within the surveillance zone set up in response to detection of H5N1 in wild birds.	
20 Mar 2006		Egypt confirms its first human case in a 30-year-old woman from Qalubiya (onset early March 2006).
23 Mar 2006	Cambodia reports its first outbreak in poultry since December 2004. Outbreaks continue to be reported through fall 2006. Jordan first reports H5N1 in poultry.	<i>Research</i> ^{19, 20} Two research groups publish findings that may help explain why the H5N1 virus does not easily infect humans or – like normal seasonal influenza – spread readily by coughing or sneezing. Whereas human influenza viruses attach themselves to molecules in cells lining the nose and throat, avian viruses prefer to bind to molecules located deep in the lungs. Such findings are consistent with the clinical picture of H5N1 infection, in which most patients present with symptoms of infection in the lower respiratory tract, with rapid progression to pneumonia.
27 Mar 2006	Czech Republic first reports H5N1 in a wild bird (swan). Reports in wild swans continue through May 2006. Sweden detects H5N1 in a wild mink in southern Sweden in an area where wild birds cases have been detected.	
3 Apr 2006	Burkina Faso first reports H5N1 in	

	poultry (guineafowl).	
5 Apr 2006	Germany first reports H5N1 in poultry, in turkeys on a single farm (previously reported in wild birds).	
6 Apr 2006	United Kingdom first reports H5N1 in a single wild bird (swan).	Cambodia confirms its 6 th human case in a 12-year-old boy from Prey Vang (onset date 29 March 2006) (first human case in Cambodia since April 2005).
12 Apr 2006		Indonesia confirms its 31 st human case in a 23-year-old man from West Java (onset date 20 March 2006).
13 Apr 2006		Egypt confirms its 12 th human case in a 18-year-old woman from Minufiyah (onset date 5 April 2006).
17 Apr 2006	Sudan first reports H5N1 in poultry (both intensive and backyard systems). Additional outbreaks reported through October 2006.	
19 Apr 2006	China reports H5N1 in wild aquatic and other birds in Qinghai and Tibet regions. Côte d'Ivoire first reports H5N1 in poultry and a wild bird. Outbreaks continue to be reported through July 2006.	China confirms its 17 th human case in an 21-year-old man from Hubei (onset date 1 April 2006). Indonesia confirms its 32 nd human case in a 24-year-old man from Banten (onset date 29 March 2006).
24 Apr 2006	Djibouti reports its first case of H5N1 in poultry.	
27 Apr 2006		China confirms its 18 th human case in an 8-year-old girl from Sichuan (onset date 16 April 2006).
4 May 2006	Mongolia reports H5N1 in dead wild birds on routine surveillance through June 2006 (last report August 2005).	Egypt confirms its 13 th human case in a 27-year-old woman from Cairo (onset date 15 April 2006).
8 May 2006		Indonesia confirms its 33 rd human case in a 30-year-old man from Jakarta (onset date 17 April 2006)
9 May 2006	Ukraine first reports HPAI H5 in wild birds (previously reported in poultry)	
12 May 2006		Djibouti confirms its first human case in a 2-year-old girl from Arta (onset date 23 April 2006).
18 May 2006	Denmark reports its first outbreak of H5N1 HPAI in domestic poultry (was previously reported in wild birds). An outbreak of H5N2 LPAI was also reported during this period.	Egypt confirms its 14 th case in a 75-year-old woman from Al Minya (onset date 11 May 2006). Indonesia reports the largest family cluster in any country to date, with 7 confirmed cases (the 34 th through 39 th and the 42 nd) from 4 households in the Karo district of North Sumatra. The index case (unconfirmed) develops symptoms on 24 Apr, the last case dies on 22 May. Cases include the index case's 2 sons, (aged 15 and 17 years), her 10-year-old nephew, her 2 brothers (aged 25 and 32 years), her

		<p>28-year-old sister, and this sister's 18-month-old daughter. Disease does not spread beyond the extended family. Limited human to human transmission can not be ruled out. Viruses do not show any significant genetic mutations or reassortment.</p> <p>Indonesia also confirms its 40th human case, in a 38-year-old woman from East Java (onset date 2 May 2006).</p>
19 May 2006		Indonesia confirms its 41 st human case in a 12-year-old boy from East Jakarta (onset date 7 May 2006).
29 May 2006		Indonesia confirms its 43 rd - 48 th human cases in an 18-year-old man from East Java (onset date 6 May 2006), a 10-year-old girl and her 18-year-old brother from West Java (both with onset date 16 May 2006), a 39-year-old man from Jakarta (onset date 9 May 2006), a 43-year-old man from Jakarta (onset date 6 May 2006), and a 15-year-old girl from West Sumatra (onset date 17 May 2006). All 6 cases are unrelated to the family cluster in Karo, North Sumatra.
4 Jun 2006	China reports its first cases in poultry since February 2006. Outbreaks reported from various provinces through October 2006.	
6 Jun 2006		Indonesia confirms its 49 th human case in a 15-year-old boy from West Java (onset date 26 May 2006).
9 Jun 2006	Hungary reports its first H5N1 in poultry (previously reported in wild birds).	
15 Jun 2006	Ukraine reports H5N1 in poultry (first report since February 2006), first reported in wild birds in May 2006.	Indonesia confirms its 50 th human case in a 7-year-old girl from Banten (onset date 26 May 2006).
16 Jun 2006		China confirms its 19 th human case, in a 31-year-old man from Guandong (onset date 3 June 2006).
20 Jun 2006		Indonesia confirms its 51 st human case in a 13-year-old boy from Jakarta (onset date 9 June 2006).
30 Jun 2006		<i>Research</i> ²¹ The first analysis of epidemiological data on all 205 laboratory-confirmed H5N1 cases officially reported to WHO from Dec 2003 to 30 Apr 2006 is published by WHO.
4 Jul 2006		Indonesia confirms its 52 nd human case in a 5-year-old boy from East Java (onset date 8 June 2006).
7 Jul 2006	Spain first reports H5N1 in a single	

	wild shore bird (grebe) in northern region.	
14 Jul 2006		Indonesia confirms its 53 rd human case in a 3-year-old girl from Jakarta (onset date 23 June 2006).
20 Jul 2006		Indonesia confirms its 54 th human case in a 44-year-old man from Jakarta (onset date 24 June 2006).
26 Jul 2006	Thailand reports two H5N1 outbreaks in poultry (in Phichit and Nakhon Phanom provinces). These are the first reported in more than 8 months. Poultry vaccination remains prohibited.	Thailand confirms its 23 rd human case in a 17-year-old boy from Phichit in northern Thailand (onset date 15 July 2006) (the first human case in Thailand in 2006).
27 Jul 2006	Lao PDR reports H5N1 in poultry (first reported since January 2004)	
3 Aug 2006	H5N1 is detected in a captive zoo swan in Germany (previously reported in both wild and domestic birds)	
30 Aug 2006	Viet Nam reports H5N1 in unvaccinated duck flocks and market ducks on routine surveillance. Ducks did not show clinical signs. (First report since December 2005)	
7 Aug 2006		Thailand confirms its 24 th human case in a 27-year-old man from Uthai Thani in central Thailand (onset date 24 July 2006).
8 Aug 2006		China retrospectively confirms its 20 th human case in a 24-year-old man from Beijing (onset date 25 November 2003) who died. This case becomes the first confirmed case of HPAI H5N1 infection in the present outbreak. The case was initially attributed to SARS. Indonesia confirms its 55 th human case in a 16-year-old boy from West Java (onset date 26 July 2006), and becomes the country with the most human deaths (n=43) from H5N1 HPAI infection, surpassing Viet Nam. A system for unified H5N1 nomenclature, developed by the WHO/OIE/FAO Evolution Working Group, is posted on the WHO website (http://www.who.int/csr/disease/avian_influenza/guidelines/nomenclature/en/index.html) and the OFFLU website (www.offlu.net).
9 Aug 2006		Indonesia confirms its 56 th human case in an 17-year-old girl from Jakarta (onset date 28 July 2006).
14 Aug 2006		Indonesia confirms its 57 th human case in an 17-year-old boy from West Java (Cikelet/Garut Cluster) (onset date 26 July 2006).

14 Aug 2006	The USA detects LPAI H5N1 in wild mute swans in Michigan.	China confirms its 21 st human case in a 62-year-old man from the Uyгур Autonomous Region in north-western China (onset date 19 June 2006).
17 Aug 2006		Indonesia confirms its 58 th human case in an 9-year-old girl from West Java (Cikelet/Garut Cluster) (onset date 1 August 2006).
21 Aug 2006		Indonesia confirms its 59 th human case in an 35-year-old woman from West Java (Cikelet/Garut Cluster) (onset date 8 August 2006). In this cluster, there was no evidence of human to human transmission, poultry deaths were possibly linked with live chickens returning to village from live animal market, and there were possible additional human cases that were not confirmed.
23 Aug 2006		Indonesia confirms its 60 th human case in an 6-year-old girl from West Java (onset date 6 August 2006).
2 Sep 2006	The USA detects LPAI H5N1 in wild ducks in Pennsylvania and Maryland.	
8 Sep 2006		Indonesia confirms its 61 st human case in an 14-year-old girl from South Sulawesi (onset date 18 June 2006). Due to revisions to the WHO case definition, two cases are retrospectively confirmed in Indonesia : The 62 nd in an 8-year-old girl from Banten (onset date 24 June 2005) and the 63 rd in a 45-year-old man from central Java (onset date 25 November 2005).
14 Sep 2006		Indonesia confirms its 64 th human case in a 5-year-old boy from West Java (onset date 4 March 2006) and (through follow up testing) its 65 th human case in a 27-year-old male from West Sumatra (onset date 28 May 2006) (brother of 15-year-old girl; was possible human to human transmission).
25 Sep 2006		Indonesia confirms its 66 th human case in an 11-year-old boy from East Java (onset date 16 September 2006) and its 67 th human case in a 9-year-old boy from Jakarta (onset date 13 September 2006).
27 Sep 2006		Indonesia confirms its 68 th human case in a 20-year-old man from West Java (onset date 17 September 2006).
27 Sep 2006		Thailand confirms its 25 th human case, in a 59-year-old man from Nong Bua Lam Phu Province in Northeastern Thailand (onset date 14 July 2006).
3 Oct 2006		Indonesia confirms its 69 th human case

		in a 21-year-old woman from East Java (onset date 19 September 2006) (the sister of the 66 th case).
11 Oct 2006		Egypt confirms its 15 th human case, in a 39-year-old woman from Gharbiya (onset date 30 September 2006) (the first human case since May 2006).
16 Oct 2006		Indonesia confirms its 70 th human case in a 67-year-old woman from West Java (onset date 3 October 2006), its 71 st human case in a 11-year-old boy from Jakarta (onset date 2 October 2006), and its 72 nd human case in a 27-year-old woman from Central Java (onset date 8 October 2006).
30 Oct 2006	<i>Research</i> ²² A surveillance study of H5N1 isolates from poultry in southern China confirms that subtypes continue to emerge and their relative prevalence continues to change.	
13 Nov 2006		Indonesia confirms its 73 rd human case in a 35-year-old woman from Banten (onset date 7 November 2006) and its 74 th human case, in a 30 month old boy from West Java (onset date 10 November 2006).
22 Nov 2006	Republic of Korea reports H5N1 in poultry (first since September 2004). Outbreaks continue to be reported.	
10 Dec 2006		China confirms its 22 nd human case in a 37-year-old man from Anhui (onset date 10 December 2006) (retrospectively confirmed on 10 January 2007).
14 Dec 2006	In an effort to contain the disease, live animal markets in Beijing, China are permanently closed.	
19 Dec 2006	Viet Nam reports H5N1 in unvaccinated poultry (first report since August 2006). Outbreaks become widespread in the southern part of the country.	
27 Dec 2006		Egypt confirms its 16 th , 17 th , and 18 th human cases in an extended family in Gharbiyah (onset dates 9-15 December 2006). The isolated viruses had a genetic mutation, linked in laboratory testing to moderately reduced susceptibility to oseltamivir. WHO does not change treatment recommendations.
8 Jan 2007		Indonesia confirms its 75 th human case, in a 14-year-old boy from West Jakarta (onset date 31 December 2006).
9 Jan 2007		Indonesia confirms its 76 th human case, in a 37-year-old woman from Banten

		(onset date 1 January 2007).
12 Jan 2007		Indonesia confirms its 77 th human case, in a 22-year-old woman from Banten (onset date 3 January 2007).
13 Jan 2007	Japan reports H5N1 in poultry (first since March 2004).	
15 Jan 2007	Hong Kong reports H5N1 in dead wild birds (first since January 2006).	Indonesia confirms its 78 th human case, in a 27-year-old woman from South Jakarta (onset date 6 January 2007) and its 79 th human case, in a 18-year-old boy from Banten (onset date 10 January 2007) (son of the 76 th case).
16 Jan 2007	Thailand reports H5N1 in poultry during routine intensive surveillance (first since July 2006). Vaccination remains prohibited.	
17 Jan 2007	Viet Nam reports continued H5N1 infection in farmed and village poultry	
22 Jan 2007		Egypt confirms its 19 th human case, in a 27-year-old woman from Beni Sweif (onset date 9 January 2007).
22 Jan 2007		Indonesia confirms its 80 th human case, in a 32-year-old woman from West Java (onset date 8 January 2007).
24 Jan 2007	Hungary reports H5N1 in poultry (first since June 2006).	
25 Jan 2007		Indonesia confirms its 81 st human case, in a 6-year-old girl from Central Java (onset date 8 January 2007).
26 Jan 2007	Russia reports H5N1 in poultry (first report since July 2006).	
27 Jan 2007	The United Kingdom reports H5N1 on a commercial turkey farm (first ever report in poultry, reported in wild birds in April 2006). Only a single outbreak occurs.	
28 Jan 2007	In an effort to curb virus spread, Indonesia institutes a poultry ban for the entire island of Java, and bans backyard poultry in 9 provinces.	
31 Jan 2007		Nigeria confirms its first human case, in a 22-year-old woman from Lagos (onset date 8 January 2007).
1 Feb 2007	Pakistan reports H5N1 in poultry (first since July 2006).	
6 Feb 2007		Egypt confirms its 20 th human case, in a 17-year-old girl from Fayoum (onset date 25 January 2007).
9 Feb 2007		<i>Research</i> ²³ The second WHO analysis of epidemiological data on WHO-confirmed human cases of avian influenza A (H5N1) infection, 25 November 2003 – 24 November 2006 is published by WHO.

9 Feb 2007	Turkey reports H5N1 in backyard poultry (first report since April 2006).	
15 Feb 2007		Egypt confirms its 21 st human case, in a 37-year-old woman from Fayoum (onset date 10 February 2007).
19 Feb 2007		Egypt confirms its 22 nd human case, in a 5-year-old boy from Sharkia (onset date 14 February 2007).
20 Feb 2007	Ongoing H5N1 outbreaks in poultry in several states of Nigeria are reported by FAO. ²⁴	
19 Feb 2007	Lao PDR reports H5N1 in poultry (first reported since July 2006).	
22 Feb 2007	Afghanistan reports H5N1 in backyard poultry and farms (first report since March 2006).	
26 Feb 2007	Kuwait reports H5N1 in poultry in backyards, on farms, and in a zoo (first report in birds since November 2005. First ever report in poultry).	Lao PDR confirms its first human case, in a 15-year-old girl from Vientiane (onset date 10 February 2007).
28 Feb 2007	Myanmar reports H5N1 in poultry (first report since April 2006).	Egypt confirms its 23 rd human case, in a 4-year-old girl from Dakahlea (onset date 25 February 2007). China confirms its 23 rd human case, in a 44-year-old woman from Fujian (onset date 18 February 2007).
6 Mar 2007	China reports H5N1 in poultry (first report since September 2006).	
12 Mar 2007		Egypt confirms its 24 th human case, in a 4-year-old boy from Dakahlea (onset date 7 March 2007).
16 Mar 2007		Lao PDR confirms its second human case, in a 42-year-old woman from Vientiane Province (onset date 26 February 2007).
19 Mar 2007		Egypt confirms its 25 th human case, in a 10-year-old girl from Aswan (onset date 13 March 2007).
20 Mar 2007		Egypt confirms its 26 th human case, in a 2-year-old boy from Aswan (onset date 15 March 2007). China confirms avian influenza H9N2 infection in a 9-month-old girl with mild signs of disease.
26 Mar 2007		Egypt confirms its 27 th human case, in a 3-year-old girl from Aswan (onset date 22 March 2007). No epidemiological link is evident among the three recent cases from Aswan.
27 Mar 2007		During high level talks in Jakarta, Indonesia announces that it will resume sharing H5N1 AI virus with the international community.
28 Mar 2007		Egypt confirms its 28 th human case, in a 6-year-old girl from Qena, and its 29 th human case, in a 5-year-old boy from Menia. (both had onset date 26 March 2007)
29 Mar 2007		China confirms its 24 th human case, in a 16-year-old boy from Anhui (onset date 17 March 2007).

30 Mar 2007	Bangladesh reports H5N1 in poultry (first ever in Bangladesh).	
2 Apr 2007	Saudi Arabia reports H5N1 in poultry (first ever in Saudi Arabia)	Egypt confirms its 30 th human case, in a 4-year-old boy from Qena (brother of the 28 th case), its 31 st human case, in a 7-year-old boy from Sohag (both with onset date 26 March 2007), and its 32 nd human case, in a 4-year-old girl from Qalyoubia (onset date 29 March 2007). According to the Ministry of Health in Indonesia, cases of H5N1 infection in humans continue to occur.
10 Apr 2007		Cambodia confirms its 7 th human case, in a 13-year-old girl from Kampong Cham (onset date 2 April 2007) (first human case since March 2006). Egypt confirms its 33 rd human case, in a 2-year-old girl from Menia (onset date 3 April 2007) and its 34 th human case in a 15-year-old girl from Cairo (onset date 30 March 2007).
12 Apr 2007	Cambodia reports H5N1 in village poultry (first report in poultry since August 2006).	
3 May 2007	Ghana reports H5N1 in poultry (first ever in Ghana).	
16 May 2007		WHO retrospectively confirms 15 human cases and 13 deaths in Indonesia , bringing the total confirmed human cases to 96, with 76 deaths. Cases had onset dates between 25 January and 3 May 2007, and had been initially confirmed by the Indonesian Ministry of Health.
23 May 2007		A resolution on international sharing of influenza viruses is reached at the WHO World Health Assembly in Geneva.
24 May 2007	Viet Nam reports multiple outbreaks in unvaccinated poultry (primarily ducks) from several provinces throughout the country. Bangladesh reports multiple outbreaks in poultry from additional provinces throughout the country.	Indonesia confirms its 97 th human case, in a 5-year-old girl from Central Java (onset date 8 May 2007).
25 May 2007		The United Kingdom Health Protection Agency reports at least 4 human infections with low pathogenic avian influenza H7N2. The cases are associated with reported H7N2 infections in poultry.
30 May 2007		China confirms its 25 th human case, in a 19-year-old soldier stationed in Fujian province (onset date 9 May 2007).
31 May 2007		Indonesia confirms its 98 th human case, in a 45-year-old man from Central Java (onset date 17 May 2007).
2 Jun 2007	Malaysia reports its first outbreak in poultry since March, 2006 (in village chickens).	
6 Jun 2007		Indonesia confirms its 99 th human case, in a 16-year-old girl from Central Java

		(onset date 21 May 2007).
11 June 2007		Egypt confirms its 35 th human case, in a 10-year-old girl from Qena (onset date 1 June 2007).
12 Jun 2007		Egypt confirms its 36 th human case, in a 4-year-old girl from Qena (onset date 7 June 2007) (no epidemiological link between these two most recent Egyptian cases).
15 Jun 2007		Indonesia confirms its 100 th human case, in a 27- year-old man from Riau (onset date 3 June 2007).
22 Jun 2007	Czech Republic reports its first outbreak ever in poultry (in commercial turkeys). Togo reports its first outbreak ever in poultry (in commercial chickens).	
25 June 2007		Egypt confirms its 37 th human case, in a 4-year-old boy from Qena (onset date 20 June 2007). Indonesia confirms its 101 st human case, in a 3- year-old girl from Riau (onset date 18 June 2007).
26 Jun 2007	Germany reports H5N1 in wild birds found dead (first reports since detected in commercial poultry in April 2006).	
29 Jun 2007	Czech Republic reports H5N1 in a dead mute swan (first in wild birds since May 2006).	Viet Nam confirms it first human cases since November, 2005, in a 29-year-old man from Vinh Phuc (onset date 10 May 2007) and a 19-year-old man from Thai Nguyen (onset date 20 May 2007). No epidemiological link between these two cases has been identified. There have been 95 human cases in Viet Nam since 2003.
5 Jul 2007	France reports H5N1 in wild swans found dead (first report since detected in commercial turkeys in February 2006).	
6 Jul 2007	Germany reports H5N1 in a dead domestic goose	
11 Jul 2007		Indonesia confirms its 102 nd human case, in a 6-year-old girl from Banten (onset date 23 June 2007).
15 Jul 2007	Bangladesh Ministry of Agriculture reports continued H5N1 outbreaks in commercial and backyard poultry.	
25 Jul 2007		Egypt confirms its 38 th human case, in a 25-year-old woman from Damietta (onset date 20 July 2007).
26 Jul 2007	India reports H5N1 in backyard poultry (first report since April 2006).	
14 Aug 2007		Indonesia confirms its 103 rd human case, in a 29-year-old woman from Bali (onset date 3 August 2007).
15 Aug 2007		<i>Research</i> ²⁵ A study describing the epidemiology of 54 human cases of H5N1 infection in Indonesia is published. Conclusions

		included that 76% of cases were associated with poultry contact, and the source of infection was not identified in 24% of cases.
16 Aug 2007		Indonesia confirms its 104 th human case, in a 17-year-old woman from Banten (onset date 9 August 2007).
23 Aug 2007		Indonesia confirms its 105 th human case, in a 28-year-old woman from Bali (onset date 14 August 2007).
30 Aug 2007		The WHO criteria for accepting confirmed cases of A(H5) infection are amended.
31 Aug 2007		Based on amended acceptance criteria, Viet Nam retrospectively confirms its 96 th through 100 th cases, in a 28-year-old woman from Ha Nam (onset date 3 June 2007), a 29-year-old man (onset date 30 May 2007) and a 15-year-old boy (onset date 27 July 2007) from Thanh Hoa, and a 20-year-old man (onset date 2 June 2007) and a 22-year-old woman (onset date 20 July 2007) from Ha Tay.
07 Sept 2007	Russia reports H5N1 in poultry (first report since January 2007).	
10 Sept 2007		Indonesia confirms its 106 th human case, in a 33-year-old man from Riau (onset date 25 August 2007).
15 Sept 2007	China reports H5N1 in commercial ducks in Guandong (first report since May 2007).	
2 Oct 2007		Indonesia confirms its 107 th human case, in a 21-year-old man from Jakarta (onset date 18 September 2007).
8 Oct 2007		Indonesia confirms its 108 th human case, in a 44-year-old woman from Riau (onset date 1 October 2007).
11 Oct 2007	Viet Nam reports H5N1 in unvaccinated ducks in Tra Vinh (first report since August 2007).	
12 Oct 2007		Indonesia confirms its 109 th human case, in a 12-year-old boy from Banten (onset date 30 September 2007).
15 Oct 2007	According to FAO ²⁶ , H5N1 has caused recent outbreaks in poultry in 19 districts in Bangladesh and 4 districts in Indonesia , and in commercial poultry in Ogun, Nigeria (in September).	
24 Oct 2007	Myanmar reports H5N1 in commercial poultry in Bago (first report since August 2007).	
25 Oct 2007		Indonesia confirms its 110 th human case, in a 5-year-old girl from Banten (onset date 14 October 2007).
31 Oct 2007	Viet Nam reports H5N1 in unvaccinated poultry in 3 additional provinces.	Indonesia confirms its 111 th human case, in a 3-year-old boy from Banten. Both this case and the 110 th case became ill on 14 October, but no epidemiological link between them has been identified.
5 Nov 2007		Indonesia confirms its 112 th human case, in a 30-year-old woman from Banten

		(onset date 23 October 2007).
12 Nov 2007		Indonesia confirms its 113 th human case, in a 31-year-old man from Riau (onset date 31 October 2007).
13 Nov 2007	UK reports H5N1 in a flock of free-range turkeys in England (first since January 2007).	
19 Nov 2007	Saudi Arabia reports H5N1 in commercial chickens in four areas of Ar Riyad.	
22 Nov 2007	Pakistan reports H5N1 in commercial, poultry in the North West Frontier (first outbreak in poultry since July 2007).	
23 Nov 2007	Myanmar reports H5N1 in backyard poultry in a new province (Shan state)	
27 Nov 2007	Romania reports H5N1 in backyard poultry in Tulcea (first outbreak in poultry since May 2006).	
3 Dec 2007	Poland reports H5N1 in young turkeys in Mazowieckie (first outbreak ever in poultry, last H5N1 reported in a wild swan in May 2006). Egypt retrospectively reports 579 outbreaks of H5N1 in birds from 23 March 2006 through 24 November 2007.	
4 Dec 2007		China confirms its 26 th human case, in a 24-year-old man from Jiangsu (onset date 24 November 2007).
5 Dec 2007	Benin reports highly pathogenic avian influenza (not confirmed as H5N1) in poultry in Cotonou and Adjara (first HPAI outbreak ever reported in Benin). Later reported as H5N1 by FAO. ²⁷	
9 Dec 2007		China confirms its 27 th human case, in a 52-year-old man from Jiangsu (onset date 3 December 2007), who is the father of the 26 th case.
12 Dec 2007	Russia reports H5N1 in poultry in Rostovskaya (first outbreak in poultry since September 2007). Pakistan reports additional H5N1 outbreaks in commercial poultry in North West Frontier and Punjab provinces. Poland reports H5N1 in birds in a second province (Warminko-Mazurskie).	Indonesia confirms its 114 th human case, in a 28-year-old woman from Banten (onset date 1 December 2007).
13 Dec 2007		Indonesia confirms its 115 th human case, in a 47-year-old man from Banten (onset date 2 December 2007).
14 Dec 2007		Myanmar confirms its first human case, in a 7-year-old girl from Shan State (onset date 21 November 2007).
15 Dec 2007		Pakistan informs WHO of 8 people in the North West Frontier Province that have tested positive for H5N1 in the national reference laboratory. These are the first suspected human cases ever

		reported in Pakistan. The presence of virus was confirmed in samples from one of these patients, a 25-year-old man from Peshawar (onset date 21 November).
17 Dec 2007	According to FAO ²⁷ , H5N1 has continued to cause outbreaks in poultry in areas of Indonesia (Bali, Java, Sulawesi, Sumatra) and Viet Nam (Tra Vinh, Cao Bang, Quang Tri) in November and December.	
26 Dec 2007		Indonesia confirms its 116 th human case, in a 24-year-old woman from Jakarta (onset date 14 December 2007). Egypt confirms its 39 th human case, in a 25-year-old woman from Beni Sweif (onset date 23 December 2007). This is the first case confirmed by Egypt since July 2007.
28 Dec 2007		Viet Nam confirms its 101 st human case in a 4-year-old boy from Son La (onset date 7 December 2007). The last case confirmed by Viet Nam had an onset of July 2007. Egypt confirms its 40 th human case in a 50-year-old woman from Domiatt (onset date 24 December 2007) and its 41 st human case in a 22-year-old woman from Menofia (onset date 26 December 2007).
29 Dec 2007	Myanmar reports ongoing outbreaks of H5N1 in backyard poultry in Shan state.	
31 Dec 2007	Benin reports H5N1 in poultry in two new provinces (Dangbo and Porto Novo)	
3 Jan 2008	Israel reports H5N1 in birds in a petting zoo in Haifa (first outbreak since March 2006)	
2 Jan 2008		Egypt confirms its 42 nd human case in a 25-year-old woman from Dakahlia (onset date 26 December) and its 43 rd human case in a 36-year-old woman from Menofia (onset date 26 December 2007).
4 Jan 2008	China reports H5N1 in poultry in Xinjiang (first outbreak reported in this province since September 2006)	
7 Jan 2008	Viet Nam reports H5N1 in poultry in 4 provinces (Tra Vinh, Cao Bang, Thai Nguyen, and Quang Tri).	
11 Jan 2008		Indonesia confirms its 117 th human case, in a 16-year-old girl from West Java (onset date 30 December 2008)
15 Jan 2008	India reports H5N1 in backyard and commercial poultry in West Bengal State (first since July 2007). Egypt reports widespread H5N1 outbreaks in backyard and commercial poultry (including in vaccinated poultry) in 17 governorates during December and early January.	Indonesia confirms its 118 th human case, in a 32-year-old woman from Banten (onset date 3 January 2008)
16 Jan 2008	Iran reports H5N1 in backyard poultry in Mazandaran (first since February	

	2006).	
21 Jan 2008	Ukraine reports H5N1 in poultry in Crimea (first since June 06).	Indonesia confirms its 119 th human case, in an 8-year-old boy from Banten (onset date 7 January 2008).
22 Jan 2008	Germany reports ongoing outbreaks of H5N1 in backyard birds in Brandenburg. Turkey reports H5N1 in backyard poultry in Zonguldak (first report since February 2007).	
23 Jan 2008	Thailand reports H5 in poultry in Nakhon Sawan and Phichit (first reports since March 2007).	Indonesia confirms its 120 th human case, in a 30-year-old man from Banten (onset date 13 January 2008).
24 Jan 2008		Viet Nam confirms its 102 nd human case in a 34-year-old man from Tuyen Quang (onset date 10 January 2008).
29 Jan 2008	China reports H5N1 in poultry in the Tibet Autonomous Region (first report in this province since March 2007).	Indonesia confirms its 121 st human case in a 31-year-old woman from Jakarta (onset date 18 January 2008), its 122 nd human case in a 9-year-old boy from West Java (onset date 16 January 2008), 123 rd human case in a 32-year-old man from Banten (onset date 17 January 2008), and its 124 th human case in a 23-year-old woman from Jakarta (onset date 19 January 2008).
2 Feb 2008	Pakistan reports outbreaks of H5N1 on commercial farms in Sindh (Karachi)(first reports since November 2007).	
5 Feb 2008	China retrospectively reports H5N1 in two wild birds in Tuen Mun Park, Hong Kong SAR (detected in November and December 2007).	Indonesia confirms its 125 th human case in a 29-year-old woman from Banten (onset date 22 January 2008), and its 126 th human case in a 38-year-old woman from Jakarta (onset date 24 January 2008).
6 Feb 2008	United Kingdom continues to report sporadic deaths due to H5N1 in mute swans in southern England (detected in November and December 2007).	
11 Feb 2008	According to FAO ²⁸ , Indonesia continues to experience outbreaks of H5N1 in poultry.	
12 Feb 2008		Indonesia confirms its 127 th human case in a 15-year-old girl from Jakarta (onset date 2 February 2008)
13 Feb 2008	Laos reports H5N1 in poultry in Luang Namtha (first report since February, 2007)	
15 Feb 2008		Viet Nam confirms its 103 rd human case, in a 40-year-old man from Hai Duong (onset date 2 February 2008).
17 Feb 2008	Saudi Arabia reports H5N1 in poultry in Ar Riyad, outbreaks dated from Oct 07 through Jan 08.	
18 Feb 2008	Nigeria reports H5N1 in poultry in Anambra (first report since March 2006).	
20 Feb 2008	Pakistan reports new H5N1 outbreaks in poultry in North West Frontier	China confirms its 28 th human case, in a 22-year-old man from Hunan (onset date

	province.	16 January 2008).
21 Feb 2008		Indonesia confirms its 128 th human case in a 16-year-old man from Central Java (onset date 3 February 2008), and its 129 th human case in a 3-year-old boy from Jakarta (onset date 3 February 2008). Viet Nam confirms its 104 th human case in a 27-year-old man from Ninh Binh (onset date 3 February 2008)
22 Feb 2008		China confirms its 29 th human case, in a 41-year-old man from Guanxi Autonomous Region (onset date 12 February 2008).
25 Feb 2008	Viet Nam continues to report outbreaks of H5N1 in poultry from several provinces. China reports H5N1 in poultry in a new province, Guizhou (first report from this province since January 2006).	
26 Feb 2008	Turkey reports H5N1 in poultry in a new province, Sinop. Pakistan reports new H5N1 outbreaks in poultry in Sindh province.	China confirms its 30 th human case, in a 44-year-old woman from Guangdong (onset date 16 February). Viet Nam confirms its 105 th human case, in a 23-year-old-woman from Phu Tho (onset date 14 February).
28 Feb 2008		Egypt confirms its 44 th human case in a 4-year-old girl from Minea (onset date 21 February).
1 Mar 2008	Myanmar reports AI-seropositive ducks detected during surveillance in Shan State (serotype not reported).	
4 Mar 2008		Egypt confirms its 45 th human case in a 26-year-old woman from Fayoum (onset date 24 February).
5 Mar 2008		Egypt confirms its 46 th human case in a 11-year-old boy from Minea (Hospitalization date 26 February).
9 Mar 2008	According to the Ministry of Fisheries and Livestock in Bangladesh , 47 districts have now had confirmed outbreaks of H5 infection in birds. According to the Department of Animal Husbandry, Dairying, and Fisheries in India , additional H5 infection in birds has been confirmed in West Bengal.	
10 Mar 2008	Pakistan reports new H5N1 outbreaks in poultry in North West Frontier Province.	
11 Mar 2008		Egypt confirms its 47 th human case in a 8-year-old boy from Fayoum (Hospitalization date 3 March 2008).
16 Mar 2008	China reports H5N1 in poultry at a live animal market in Guangdong According to FAO, HPAI is still being detected in poultry on three islands of Indonesia , Bali, Java, and Sumatra. ²⁹	Viet Nam confirms its 106 th human case, in an 11-year-old boy from Ha Nam (onset date 4 March).
18 Mar 2008	Turkey reports H5N1 in backyard poultry in Edirne	

25 Mar 2008	<i>Research</i> ³⁰ A study is published describing the epidemiological association between the presence of H5N1 virus and duck populations, human populations, and rice production in Viet Nam and Thailand.	
28 Mar 2008	India reports additional outbreaks in backyard poultry in West Bengal	
31 Mar 2008	Switzerland reports H5N1 in a healthy wild bird in Luzern Canton (first report in country since June 2006).	
1 Apr 2008	Viet Nam continues to report outbreaks of H5N1 in poultry from several provinces.	
2 Apr 2008	Republic of Korea reports H5N1 in poultry in Cholla-Bukdo (first report in country since June 2007)	Indonesia confirms its 130 th human case, in a 15-year-old boy from West Java (onset date 19 March 2008), its 131 st human case in a 11-year-old girl from West Java (onset date 19 March 2008) and its 132 nd human case in a 21-month old girl from West Sumatra (onset date 17 March 2008). There has been no epidemiological link identified among the cases.
3 Apr 2008		Pakistan confirms two additional cases in a family cluster in North West Frontier Province in Oct-Nov 2007, suggesting limited human to human transmission likely occurred. These additional cases were confirmed serologically according to WHO criteria, and brings the cumulative number of human cases in Pakistan to 3.
8 Apr 2008	India reports H5N1 in backyard poultry in a new province, Tripura.	Egypt confirms its 48 th human case in a 19-year-old man from Behera (onset date 30 March 2008).
11 Apr 2008	Russian Federation reports H5N1 in village poultry in Primorskiy Kray (first report since December, 2007).	
15 Apr 2008	Republic of Korea reports H5N1 in poultry in two new provinces (Cholla-Namdo and Ch'ungch'ong-Bukdo)	Egypt confirms its 49 th human case in a 30-year-old woman from Cairo (onset date 2 April 2008).
17 Apr 2008		Egypt confirms its 50 th human case in a 2-year-old boy from Sharkia (onset date 13 April 2008).
23 Apr 2008	Viet Nam continues to report outbreaks of H5N1 in poultry from several provinces.	
24 Apr 2008	Bangladesh reports 156 outbreaks in commercial or backyard poultry in 6 provinces from 28 Dec 2007 through 14 Apr 2008 (Dhaka, Chittagong, Khulna, Rajshashi, Barasil, Sylhet)	
29 Apr 2008	Japan reports H5N1 in 4 dead/ill wild swans in Akita prefecture (first report of H5N1 in birds in Japan since January 2007).	
30 Apr 2008		Indonesia confirms its 133 rd human case in a 3-year-old boy from Central Java (onset date 14 April).

13 May 2008	Japan reports H5N1 in wild swans in Hokkaido prefecture.	
20 May 2008	Republic of Korea reports outbreaks in poultry in 10 provinces.	
28 May 2008		Bangladesh confirms its first human case, in a 16-month-old boy from Komalapur, Dhaka (onset date 27 Jan 2008). The case was identified retrospectively as part of seasonal influenza surveillance activities.
1 Jun 2008	Japan reports H5N1 in wild swans in Aomori prefecture.	
3 Jun 2008	India reports H5N1 in backyard birds in West Bengal province	
6 Jun 2008	United Kingdom reports highly pathogenic avian influenza H7N7 in a commercial flock of chickens in England.	
11 Jun 2008	Bangladesh reports H5N1 in commercial poultry in Dhaka	
16 Jun 2008	According to FAO, HPAI remains endemic in Indonesia on the islands of Java, Sumatra, Bali, and South Sulawesi and sporadic outbreaks are reported from other areas. ³¹	
19 Jun 2008		Indonesia confirms its 134 th human case in a 16-year-old girl from DKI Jakarta (onset date 7 May 2008) and 135 th human case, in a 34-year-old woman from Banten (onset date 26 May 2008).
20 Jun 2008	China reports H5N1 in poultry in Guandong (first report of H5N1 in birds in Guandong since March 2008).	
26 Jun 2008	Pakistan reports outbreak of H5N1 in commercial poultry in North West Frontier province (first report of H5N1 in birds in Pakistan since March 2008).	
7 Jul 2008	Egypt reports outbreaks in 9 governorates (Gharbiyah, Minufiyah, Kafr Ash Shaykh, Daqahliyah, Sharqiyah, Minya, Jizah, Suhaj, and Luxor) in commercial and backyard poultry, and poultry in live bird markets, from 7 Feb to 14 Jun, 2008. In this report, the national veterinary Services (GOVS) declares H5N1 to be endemic in Egypt.	
14 Jul 2008	Viet Nam reports 15 outbreaks in poultry in 9 provinces throughout the country (Can Tho City, Ha Tinh, Kien Giang, Long An, Nghe An, Quang Ngai, Son La, Tra Vinh, Vinh Long)(first report of H5N1 in Viet Nam since April, 2008).	
24 Jul 2008	Nigeria reports H5N1 infection in poultry in 4 states (Kebbi, Gombe, Katsina, and Kano). The two live bird market cases were detected through routine surveillance.	
25 Jul 2008	FAO reports H5N1 in Indonesia , in village poultry in Bengkulu province ³²	

25 Aug 2008	Benin reports H5 virus in chickens in a live animal market in Lokassa. These cases were detected as part of routine surveillance and training (first report of H5 in Benin since Dec, 2007).	
10 Sept 2008		Indonesia confirms its 136 th human case in a 38-year-old man from Banten province (onset date 4 July 2008) and 137 th human case, in a 20-year-old man from Banten (onset date 20 July 2008).
14 Sept 2008	Laos reports H5N1 in poultry in Luangprobang and Oudomxay provinces (first report of H5N1 in Laos since February, 2008).	
18 Sept 2008	Togo reports H5N1 in poultry in the Région Maritime (first report of H5N1 in Togo since July 2007).	
30 Sept 2008	Viet Nam reports 9 H5N1 outbreaks in poultry in 6 provinces throughout the country (Ben Tre, Ca Mau, Dong Thap, Kien Giang, Nghe An, and Quang Ngai) from July -April 2008.	
10 Oct 2008	Germany reports H5N1 in poultry on a farm in Sachsen (first report of H5N1 in Germany since January 2008)	
15 Oct 2008	Russian Federation retrospectively reports two outbreaks from 2007, in February in Moskovskaya and in December in Rostovskaya.	
10 Nov 2008	Laos reports H5N1 in backyard chickens in one additional province (Xayabury) Thailand reports H5N1 in backyard poultry in Sukhothai province (first report of H5N1 in Thailand since January 2008)	
11 Nov 2008	Thailand reports an additional H5N1 outbreak in poultry in a new province, Uthai Thani	
20 Nov 2008	Bangladesh reports H5N1 in commercial poultry in Rajshahi district from September, 2008 (First report of H5N1 in Bangladesh since June 2008).	
27 Nov 2008	Viet Nam reports H5N1 in Nghe An province.	
28 Nov 2008	India reports H5N1 in village poultry in Assam province (First report of H5N1 in India since May 2008)	
1 Dec 2008	Lao PDR retrospectively reports H5N1 in Luangnamtha province from February 2008 (more recent outbreaks were reported in October, 2008)	
3 Dec 2008	Bangladesh Ministry of Fisheries and Livestock reports a new H5N1 outbreak in poultry in Rajshahi district (Rangpur sub-district).	
9 Dec 2008		Indonesia confirms its 138 th human case in a 9-year-old girl from Riau province (onset date 7 November 2008) and 139 th human case in a 2-year-old girl from East

		Jakarta province (onset date 18 November 2008).
11 Dec 2008	India reports additional H5N1 outbreaks in backyard and commercial poultry in several districts of Assam province.	
12 Dec 2008	Hong Kong (China SAR) reports an H5N1 outbreak in commercial poultry in Yuen Long (first report of H5N1 in commercial poultry in Hong Kong since 2002).	Cambodia confirms its 8 th human case in a 19- year-old man from Kandal province (onset date 28 November 2008). This is the first non-fatal case of human H5N1 infection in Cambodia.
16 Dec 2008		Egypt confirms its 51 st human case, in a 16-year-old girl from Assuit Governorate (onset date, 8 December 2008).
17 Dec 2008	India reports H5N1 outbreaks in backyard poultry in a new province, West Bengal province. Bangladesh reports H5N1 outbreaks in commercial poultry in a new district, Dhaka district.	
19 Dec 2008	China reports H5N1 outbreaks in poultry in Jiangsu province (first outbreak reported by China since June, 2008, in Guangdong) According to the Update on the Avian Influenza Situation (Issue No. 182) in Cambodia , ducks were confirmed H5N1 positive in Kandal province ³³ (first outbreak reported by Cambodia since April 2007).	
29 Dec 2008	Viet Nam reports an H5N1 outbreak in poultry in a new province, Thai Nguyen province.	
2 Jan 2008	The H5N1 virus continues to cause outbreaks in poultry in Assam and West Bengal provinces in India .	
4 Jan 2009	The Bangladesh Ministry of Fisheries and Livestock reports new H5N1 outbreaks in poultry in Rajshahi district.	
7 Jan 2009	Viet Nam reports an H5N1 outbreak in poultry in a new province, Thanh Hoa province (outbreak detected after confirmation of human case).	China confirms its 31 st human case, in a 19-year-old woman from Beijing (onset date 24 December 2008). Viet Nam confirms its 107 th human case, in a 8-year-old girl from Thanh Hoa province (onset date 27 December 2008).
14 Jan 2009		Egypt confirms its 52 nd human case, in a 21-month-old girl from 6 th October governorate (onset date 9 January 2009).
15 Jan 2009	According to FAO, in Indonesia , HPAI remains endemic on Java, Sumatra, and Sulawesi Islands with sporadic outbreaks reported from other areas. ³⁴	
16 Jan 2009	Nepal reports an H5N1 outbreak in backyard poultry in Mechi province (first ever report of H5N1 from Nepal).	
19 Jan 2009		China confirms its 32 nd human case, in a 27-year-old woman from Shandong province (onset date 5 January 2009), its

		33 rd human case, in a 2-year-old girl reported from Shanxi province who was likely exposed in Hunan province (onset date 7 January 2009), and its 34 th human case, in a 16-year-old man who sought care in Hunan province and who was likely exposed in Guizhou province (onset date 8 January 2009).
21 Jan 2009	India reports H5N1 outbreaks in poultry in a new province, Sikkim	
22 Jan 2009	Bangladesh reports H5N1 outbreaks in poultry in a new district, Chittagong (last report from this district in April 2008) FAO reports outbreaks of H5N1 in Egypt , in backyard poultry in Assuit and Fayoum governorates.	Indonesia confirms its 140 th case, in a 29- year-old woman from Banten province (onset date 11 December 2008) and its 141 st case, in a 5-year-old girl from West Java province (onset date 23 December 2008).
26 Jan 2009		Egypt confirms its 53 rd human case, in a 2-year-old girl from Manofia governorate.
27 Jan 2009		China confirms its 35 th human case, in a 31-year-old woman from Xinjiang Autonomous Region (onset date 10 January 2009), its 36 th human case, in a 29-year-old man from Guizhou province (onset date 15 January 2009), and its 37 th human case, in a 18-year-old man from Guanxi province (onset date 10 January 2009).
2 Feb 2009	India reports additional H5N1 outbreaks in backyard poultry in new areas of West Bengal province	China confirms its 38 th human case, in a 21-year-old woman from Hunan province (onset date 23 January 2009).
3 Feb 2009	Bangladesh reports additional H5N1 outbreaks in backyard poultry in Rajshahi province. Viet Nam reports H5N1 outbreaks in poultry in Ca Mau province (first outbreak in this province since September 2008).	
5 Feb 2009		Egypt confirms its 54 th human case, in a 2-year-old boy from Suez governorate.
6 Feb 2009	Viet Nam reports additional H5N1 outbreaks in poultry in Ca Mau province and new outbreaks in Soc Trang and Nghe An provinces.	
9 Feb 2009		Egypt confirms its 55 th human case, in a 18-month-old boy from Menia governorate (onset date 6 February 2009).
10 Feb 2009	China reports an H5N1 outbreak in poultry in Xinjiang Autonomous Region (first outbreaks in this region since December 2007) Bangladesh reports an additional H5N1 outbreak in a commercial poultry farm in Dhaka district.	
11 Feb 2009		Viet Nam confirm its 108 th human case, in a 23-year-old woman from Quang

		Ninh province (onset date 28 January 2009).
13 Feb 2009	<p>FAO reports outbreaks of H5N1 in Egypt, in backyard poultry in Sharkia, Behiera, Helwan, and Fayoum governorates.</p> <p>Hong Kong China SAR reports H5N1 in wild migratory and local birds as well as commercial poultry on the coast.</p>	
16 Feb 2009	Viet Nam reports new or ongoing H5N1 outbreaks in commercial and village poultry in Bac Ninh, Ca Mau, Hau Giang, Quang Ninh, Quang Tri, and Soc Trang provinces.	
18 Feb 2009		Viet Nam confirm its 109 th human case, in a 32-year-old man from Ninh Binh province (onset date 5 February 2009).
19 Feb 2009	India reports additional outbreaks in backyard poultry in West Bengal province.	
20 Feb 2009	Nepal reports a second H5N1 outbreak in backyard poultry in Mechi province.	
22 Feb 2009	Viet Nam reports new or ongoing H5N1 outbreaks in poultry in Bac Lieu, Khanh Hoa, Ninh Binh, and Quang Ninh, provinces.	
26 Feb 2009	Lao PDR reports a new outbreak of H5N1 in poultry in Phongsaly province (first report from Lao PDR since October, 2008)	
26 Feb 2009	Bangladesh reports ongoing H5N1 outbreaks in backyard poultry and commercial farms in Dhaka district, and the MoH reports new outbreaks in Rajshahi and Chittagong districts.	
2 Mar 2009		Egypt confirms its 56 th human case, in a two-year-old boy from Fayoum governorate (onset date 25 February 2009).
10 Mar 2009	Germany reports H5N1 in a single wild bird hunted in January, 2009 in Bayern province.	Egypt confirms its 57 th human case, in a two and a half-year-old boy from Alexandria governorate (onset date 3 March 2009).
11 Mar 2009		Egypt confirms its 58 th human case, in a one and a half-year-old girl from Menofia governorate (onset date 6 March 2009).
18 Mar 2009	Egypt reports outbreaks of H5N1 in mostly backyard poultry in February and March in Alexandria, Assiut, Aswan, Beheira, Fayoum, Gharbia, Giza, Helwan, Menoufiya; Minya, Sharkia, Sixth of October, and Suez governorates through the SAIDR website. ³⁵	
23 Mar 2009		Egypt confirms its 59 th human case, in a 38-year-old woman from Assiut governorate (onset date 14 March 2009).
30 Mar 2009		Egypt confirms its 60 th human case, in a 3-year-old girl from Qena governorate (onset date 23 March 2009).

8 Apr 2009		<p>Egypt confirms its 61st and 62nd human cases, in two 2-year-old boys from Kom Hamada district, Behira governorate (onset dates 27 and 31 March 2009). Investigation of close contacts did not reveal any other people with symptoms of the infection. Egypt also confirmed its 63rd human case, in a 6-year-old boy from Qalubiya governorate (onset date 22 March 2009).</p> <p>Viet Nam confirms its 110th human case, in a 3-year-old boy from Dong Thap province (onset date 12 March 2009).</p>
10 Apr 2009	Viet Nam reports new or ongoing H5N1 outbreaks in poultry in Lai Chau and Quang Ninh provinces.	
13 Apr 2009	Bangladesh reports new or ongoing H5N1 outbreaks in commercial and backyard poultry in Barisal, Chittagong, Dhaka, and Rajshahi Districts.	
16 Apr 2009	China Hong Kong SAR reports H5N1 in poultry and a wild bird in Ping Chau.	
17 Apr 2009		Egypt confirms its 64 th human case, in a 33-year-old woman from Kefr El Sheikh governorate (onset date 7 April 2009).
19 Apr 2009	China reports H5N1 in birds in a live chicken market in the Xizang Autonomous Region (Tibet).	
21 Apr 2009		Egypt confirms its 65 th human case, in a 25-year-old woman from Cairo (onset date 6 April 2009) and its 66 th human case, in a 18-month-old girl from Kefr El Sheikh governorate (onset date 15 April 2009).
23 Apr 2009		Egypt confirms its 67 th human case, in a 4-year-old boy from Sohag governorate (onset date 18 April 2009).
6 May 2009		<p>Viet Nam confirms its 111th human case, in a 23-year-old woman from Thanh Hoa province (onset date 16 April 2009).</p> <p>Egypt confirms its 68th human case, in a 34-year-old woman from Gharbia governorate (onset date 21 April 2009).</p>
15 May 2009		Egypt confirms its 69 th human case, in a 5-year-old girl from Sohag governorate (onset date 7 May 2009)
17 May 2009	China reports H5N1 in dead wild birds in Qinghai province.	
21 May 2009	Viet Nam reports new or ongoing H5N1 outbreaks in poultry in Dong Thap, Quang Ngai, Thanh Hoa, and Vinh Long provinces.	
22 May 2009		Egypt confirms its 70 th human case, in a 4-year-old boy from Sharkia governorate (onset date 10 May 2009), its 71 st human case, in a 3-year-old boy from Gharbia governorate (onset date 12 May 2009), its 72 nd human case, in a 4-year-old girl from Dakhliya governorate (onset date 9 May

		2009), its 73 rd human case, in a 4-year-old boy from Dakhlia governorate (onset date 18 May 2009), and its 74 th human case, in a 3-year-old boy from Sohag governorate (onset date 17 May 2009).
27 May 2009	India reports continuing outbreaks of H5N1 in rural backyard poultry in West Bengal province.	
28 May 2009	Mongolia reports H5N1 in wild migratory swans (first report of H5N1 in Mongolia since May 2006).	Egypt confirms its 75 th human case, in a 4-year-old boy from Hehia district (onset date 24 May 2009) and its 76 th human case, in a 4-year-old girl from Abo Hammad district (onset date 23 May 2009), both in Sharkia governorate.
1 Jun 2009		Egypt confirms its 77 th human case, in a 1-year-old girl from Dakhlia governorate (onset date 25 May 2009).
2 Jun 2009		Egypt confirms its 78 th human case, in a 4-year-old girl from Kefr El Sheikh governorate (onset date 30 May 2009).
17 Jun 2009	Bangladesh reports new or ongoing H5N1 outbreaks in commercial poultry in Dhaka and Chittagong provinces.	
24 Jun 2009	Russian Federation reports H5N1 in wild birds in the Tyva republic (first report of H5N1 from the Russian Federation since April 2008).	
26 Jun 2009	Viet Nam reports new or ongoing H5N1 outbreaks in household poultry in Quang Ninh province.	
30 Jun 2009	According to FAO, in Indonesia , HPAI remains endemic on Java, Sumatra, and Sulawesi Islands with sporadic outbreaks reported from other areas. ³⁶	
1 Jul 2009		Egypt confirms its 79 th human case, in a 1-year-old boy from Domiatt Governorate (onset date 1 June 2009), its 80 th human case, in a 4-year-old girl from Dakhlia governorate (onset date 5 June 2009), and its 81 st human case, in a 1 year old boy from Kefr El Sheikh governorate (onset date 15 June 2009).
14 Jul 2009	Bangladesh reports ongoing H5N1 outbreaks in commercial poultry in Chittagong province.	
24 Jul 2009	Egypt has reported outbreaks of H5N1, mostly in household poultry. between April and July in Alexandria, Beheira, Beni Suef, Dakahlia, Damietta, Fayoum, Gharbia, Giza, Kafr el Sheikh, Luxor, Menoufiya, Minya, Port Said, Qaliyoubia, Sharkia, Sixth of October, Sohag and Suez governorates through the SAIDR website. ³⁷	

Note: As of 1 April 2006, reports of influenza infection in animals refer to official OIE reports, as available on http://www.oie.int/wahid-prod/public.php?page=weekly_report_index&admin=0, unless otherwise noted.

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