**Number of diabetes deaths**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>males</th>
<th>females</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ages 30–69</td>
<td>220</td>
<td>140</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ages 70+</td>
<td>340</td>
<td>230</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Number of deaths attributable to high blood glucose**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>males</th>
<th>females</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ages 30–69</td>
<td>340</td>
<td>210</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ages 70+</td>
<td>470</td>
<td>360</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Proportional mortality (% of total deaths, all ages)**

- Communicable, maternal, perinatal, and nutritional conditions: 17%
- Other NCDs: 13%
- Diabetes: 10%
- Respiratory diseases: 2%
- Cancares: 10%
- Cardiovascular diseases: 33%
- Injuries: 15%

**Prevalence of diabetes and related risk factors**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>males</th>
<th>females</th>
<th>total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Diabetes</td>
<td>7.2%</td>
<td>8.3%</td>
<td>7.5%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Overweight</td>
<td>58.8%</td>
<td>64.0%</td>
<td>60.6%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Obesity</td>
<td>22.7%</td>
<td>33.5%</td>
<td>26.5%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Physical inactivity</td>
<td>...</td>
<td>...</td>
<td>...</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**National response to diabetes**

- Operational policy/strategy/action plan for diabetes: No
- Operational policy/strategy/action plan to reduce overweight and obesity: No
- Operational policy/strategy/action plan to reduce physical inactivity: No
- Evidence-based national diabetes guidelines/protocols/standards: Available and fully implemented
- Standard criteria for referral of patients from primary care to higher level of care: Available and fully implemented
- Diabetes registry: Yes
- Recent national risk factor survey in which blood glucose was measured: No

**Availability of medicines, basic technologies and procedures in the public health sector**

### Medicines in primary care facilities

- Insulin
- Metformin
- Sulphonylurea

### Basic technologies in primary care facilities

- Blood glucose measurement
- Oral glucose tolerance test
- HbA1c test
- Dilated fundus examination
- Foot vibration perception by tuning fork
- Foot vascular status by Doppler
- Urine strips for glucose and ketone measurement

**Trends in age-standardized prevalence of diabetes**

- **Diabetes**
  - males: 7.2%
  - females: 8.3%
  - total: 7.5%

- **Overweight**
  - males: 58.8%
  - females: 64.0%
  - total: 60.6%

- **Obesity**
  - males: 22.7%
  - females: 33.5%
  - total: 26.5%

- **Physical inactivity**
  - males: ...
  - females: ...
  - total: ...

**World Health Organization – Diabetes country profiles, 2016.**