Contact Details

1) Name of organization
   International Pharmaceutical Federation (FIP)

2) Mailing Address
   Andries Bickerweg 5 | 2517 JP | The Hague | the Netherlands

3) Contact person responsible for the report
   First Name, Family name
   Zuzana Kusynová

4) Telephone
   Please enter the full number (example: +41 123 456 7890)
   +31 70 302 1988

5) Email:
   zuzana@fip.org

6) Website of Organization
   http://www.fip.org

7) Email:
   profession@fip.org

General Information

1) Please indicate if your organization would like to retain its status as observer to the Conference of the Parties
   Yes

2) Does your organization's mission statement specifically refer to tobacco control?
   No

3) If yes, please specify:
4) Does your organization have regional branches to enhance activities in different regions or groups of countries?
   Yes

5) If yes, please provide details:
   FIP is supporting and facilitating the creation of Regional Pharmaceutical Forums. These forums work closely with the WHO Regional Offices to focus on specific pharmaceutical issues in the region.
   In order to facilitate collaboration between regional pharmaceutical forums, professional pharmaceutical associations and individual pharmacists in the area of smoking cessation and anti-tobacco activities, FIP established the "Global Network of Pharmacists against Tobacco." FIP, via its network of 132 member organisations, is actively seeking for any activities pharmacists are doing in their settings with regards to smoking cessation to share best practices all around the globe.

6) Does your organization regularly convene meetings or conferences for its membership?
   Yes

7) If yes, is tobacco control covered in these meetings?
   Yes

8) If yes, please provide details:
   Every year FIP is hosting presentations about anti-tobacco initiatives, smoking cessation or research done in this regard. FIP World Congress of Pharmacy and Pharmaceutical Sciences invites practitioners, researchers and academics from all over the world to delve into the issue of working towards the best possible pharmacy practice based on pharmaceutical sciences. FIP congress is gathering around 3,000 participants annually. This platform for exchange of ideas and views and to learn from each other, included presentations of anti-tobacco initiatives, smoking cessation or research:
   * Creating centres of smoking cessation in Czech pharmacies
   * Providing a respiratory service through community pharmacy
   * Pharmacy students' knowledge and attitude on the role of pharmacists in national public health programmes in India, including in in tobacco control programme
   * The achievement of smoking cessation service in a community pharmacy and smoking cessation policy in China Taiwan
   * A trial-based economic analysis: motivational interviewing to encourage quit smoking attempts
   * Pharmacists' attitudes towards electronic cigarettes
   * Evaluation of the potential beneficial effects of thymoquinone against nicotine induced toxicity
   * The alkaloid composition of nicotiana gossei and duboisia hopwoodii used in the production of pituri by Australian Aboriginal people
   * Health promotion in cardiovascular disease prevention and self-management
   * To measure the impact of patient counselling in antenatal care at tertiary care teaching hospital, south Karnataka, India
   * Can the healthy living pharmacy concept contribute to improvements in the public's health?
The abstracts are publicly available at www.fip.org/abstracts.

Participation in WHO FCTC meetings and contributions to other tobacco control related events

1) Please indicate the meetings organized by the Convention Secretariat at which your organization was represented (sessions of the Conference of the Parties, meetings of intersessional groups, NGO meetings, etc.):
   Title and date
   WHO FCTC Informal consultative meeting of nongovernmental organizations accredited as observers to the Conference of the Parties to the WHO Framework Convention on Tobacco Control in Geneva on 21 May 2014.

2) Please list any other meetings or conferences with a focus on tobacco control attended by your organization:
   Title and date

Your organization's activities to support implementation of the WHO FCTC:
Has your organization conducted any work/activity in relation to the following provisions of the WHO FCTC?

1) Article 5 (General obligations)?
   Yes

2) If yes, please provide details:
   Pharmacists have a positive attitude towards promoting anti-tobacco initiatives and their knowledge on smoking issues allows them to carry out tobacco cessation activities effectively.
   Pharmacists can reduce the impact of tobacco through health promotion and prevention; triage activities, including screening, tools for tobacco addiction assessment and referral to interprofessional collaborative teams; and pharmacists-led interventions. These interventions can be pharmacological, including optimising treatment outcomes, or non-pharmacological, pharmacist-led. After successful interventions, pharmacists are frequently involved in follow-up activities that assist patients in maintaining tobacco abstinence. (Reference: International Pharmaceutical Federation (FIP), Establishing tobacco-free communities: A practical guide for pharmacists. The Hague: International Pharmaceutical Federation; 2015)
Pharmacists are promoting wellness, and preventing diseases and contributing to diseases (including addictions) management, in close collaboration with other healthcare professionals.

An international network provides a good opportunity to explore best practices and promote the role of the pharmacists as well as offer a possibility for pharmaceutical organisations and individual pharmacists to exchange their experiences of tobacco cessation work in different practice settings.

FIP supports pharmacists and all professional associations in the creation of well-designed interventions in pharmacies, and to initiate open discussions on the value of tobacco cessation with their patients, communities, teams and collaborators.

FIP as NGOs in official relations with WHO is included in the WHO Register on non-State actors since August 2015.

3) Article 6 (Price and tax measures to reduce demand for tobacco)?
   No

4) If yes, please provide details:

5) Article 8 (Protection from exposure to tobacco smoke)?
   Yes

6) If yes, please provide details:
   FIP office in the Hague, Netherlands, is a non-smoking office.
   FIP annual World Congress of Pharmacy and Pharmaceutical Sciences, as well as the FIP Pharmaceutical Sciences World Congress, Global Conference on Pharmacy and Pharmaceutical Sciences Education (planned for 2016) and related events are smoke-free.

7) Article 9 (Regulation of the contents of tobacco product) and/or Article 10 (Regulation of tobacco product disclosures)?
   No

8) If yes, please provide details:

9) Article 11 (Packaging and labelling of tobacco products)?
   No

10) If yes, please provide details:

11) Article 12 (Education, communication, training and public awareness)?
    Yes
12) If yes, please provide details:
FIP has been committed to support pharmacist to take relevant action to eliminate tobacco use in the communities they serve, already in 2008 via its FIP statement of policy the role of the pharmacist in promoting a tobacco free future, which can be accessed online here: http://fip.org/www/uploads/database_file.php?id=172&table_id=FIP promote educational and public awareness programmes on the health risks including the addictive characters of tobacco consumption and exposure of tobacco smoke. In social media FIP currently have 20,233 people who see the page in their newsfeed regularly. Reference: https://www.facebook.com/InternationalPharmaceuticalFederation and on Twitter (@FIPCongress)

FIP regularly promotes the World No Tobacco Day. FIP also promoted:
* #Stoptober, Public Health England’s 28-day smoking campaign (1 October 2014)
* Smokers at higher risk for oral #HPV: study (9 October 2014)

* #FCTC 10th anniversary: 10 years of #FCTC. And a countdown to World No Tobacco Day has begun! (February 2015)
* Are pharmacies selling tobacco products? Survey on permission of the sale of tobacco products, including e-cigarettes, in community pharmacy settings (March 2015)
* First WHPA Collaborative Practice Award won by Thai anti-tobacco alliance (19 May 2015)
* Negative trends on the use of tobacco 2000-2025 (Campaign for Tobacco-Free Kids, 28 May 2015)
* Share the WNTD WHO Video and/or Poster World No Tobacco Day 2015. Beware! Illegal tobacco

13) Article 13 (Tobacco advertising, promotion and sponsorship)?
No

14) If yes, please provide details:

15) Article 14 (Demand reduction measures concerning tobacco dependence and cessation)?
Yes

16) If yes, please provide details:
FIP actively encourages pharmacists and its professional association network to design and implement effective programmes aimed at promoting the cessation of tobacco use, in such locations as health care facilities (community pharmacies), and supports open discussions on the value of anti-tobacco activities with other health-care professionals, patients, communities, teams and collaborators. In time for the quit smoking New Year resolutions that are anticipated at the beginning of the year, FIP has outlined the wide variety of different ways in which pharmacists can reduce
the use of tobacco through a new publication. In December 2015 FIP launched “Establishing tobacco-free communities: A practical guide for pharmacists”, that provides pharmacists from around the world with examples showcasing their value in performing health promotion, triage and referral as well as other interventions. It contains tools that pharmacists can use to assess a person's nicotine dependence and readiness to stop smoking, motivational interviewing models, quit plans and follow-up activities to avoid relapse.

FIP promotes and encourages implementation of effective measures to promote broad access to professional, educational and public awareness programmes on the health risks including the addictive characters of tobacco consumption and exposure of tobacco smoke.


Already in 2004, as a pro-active partner to the Framework Convention on Tobacco Cessation (FCTC), with a specific focus on supporting the implementation of Article 14: Demand reduction measures concerning tobacco dependence and cessation, FIP enacted a policy supporting legislative efforts to eliminate the sale of tobacco products from all licensed health care facilities including community pharmacies. Banning the sale of tobacco products from pharmacies will likely benefit public health, however the proportion of countries that permit the sale of these products in community pharmacies has not been characterized. Furthermore, the use of electronic nicotine delivery systems (ENDS) is increasing rapidly, and the extent to which these products are available in pharmacies is not known. Therefore in 2014, FIP in partnership with the school of pharmacy at the University of California, San Francisco, conducted a research to assess the sale of tobacco products (e.g., cigarettes, smokeless tobacco, bidis, cigars, hookah, snus) and ENDS (e.g., e-cigarettes, e-hookah, hookah pen, vape pens or pipes) in community pharmacies. The results were presented in 2015 FIP Congress in Düsseldorf, Germany and are accessible at:

https://www.fip.org/abstracts?page=abstracts&action=item&item=11718

17) Article 15 (Illicit trade in tobacco products)?
   No

18) If yes, please provide details:
19) Article 16 (Sales to and by minors)?
No

20) If yes, please provide details:

21) Article 17 (Provision of support for economically viable alternative activities) and/or Article 18 (Protection of the environment and the health of persons)?
No

22) If yes, please provide details:

23) Article 19 (Liability)?
No

24) If yes, please provide details:

25) Article 20 (Research, surveillance and exchange of information)?
No

26) If yes, please provide details:

27) Article 22 (Cooperation in the scientific, technical and legal fields and provision of related expertise)?
No

28) If yes, please provide details:

Other relevant activities to support the work of the WHO FCTC

1) Please provide any other relevant information:
FIP engages with its broad network of followers also via social media. On Facebook FIP (https://www.facebook.com/InternationalPharmaceuticalFederation) has a more than 20,200 followers and on Twitter (@FIPCongress) more than 3,000. FIP posted these nine posts between October 2014 and January 2016:

Facebook
1 October 2014: #Stoptober
Stoptober, Public Health England’s 28-day smoking campaign is in its third year. This time round the health department has lined up some top comedians to bring a touch of the British sense of humour to help quitters through the challenge #Stoptober (including picture)
7 February 2015: A decade of saving lives
The WHO Framework Convention on Tobacco Control (#FCTC) is 10 years old today! It was the first treaty negotiated under the auspices of the World Health Organization. "The WHO Framework Convention stands out as the single most powerful preventive instrument available to public health," says WHO director general Margaret Chan. "We know it works. It averts addiction to a deadly product. It saves lives."
FIP supported the establishment of the convention from the beginning and its status as one of 16 NGOs with observer status to the conference of the parties to the convention was renewed last year.
The past decade has seen huge gains in the fight against tobacco. You can find out more about progress since the FCTC was established in 2005 and download the 10th anniversary leaflet.
http://www.fip.org/www/index.php...
http://www.who.int/fctc/FCTC_Anniversary_leaflet_web.pdf

10 March 2015: Are pharmacies selling tobacco products?
FIP is collaborating with the school of pharmacy at the University of California, San Francisco, to study tobacco sales in pharmacies worldwide. We want to know the extent to which countries permit the sale of tobacco products, including e-cigarettes, in community pharmacy settings.
Please complete a brief (3-item) survey: http://ow.ly/JXi8D

19 May 2015: First WHPA Collaborative Practice Award won by Thai anti-tobacco alliance
An international award for bringing together several health professions in a major collaborative project has been won by the Thai Health Professional Alliance Against Tobacco (THPAAT). The alliance, set up 10 years ago to increase the awareness of tobacco hazards and to improve the health of the people of Thailand, was presented with the award by the World Health Professions Alliance at a ceremony in Geneva this week.
Accepting the award, THPAAT president Somsri Pausawasdi said: "It was clear that the best way to accomplish our goals was to create a collaborative interprofessional team and so the medical association collaborated with the Thai Health Foundation and recruited four more organisations including the pharmacy council, the nurses' association, the dental association, and the public health association to join the team."

28 May 2015: Campaign for Tobacco-Free Kids
Tobacco caused 100 million deaths in the 20th century. Because there's a lag of several years between when people start using tobacco and when their health suffers, the epidemic of tobacco-related disease and death has just begun. If current trends continue, it may cause one billion deaths in the 21st century. A recent document published by the Campaign for Tobacco-Free Kids stated that, in 2013, nearly 5% of eighth grade students reported having had their first cigarette by the age of 10/11 years. Every day 700 kids who have already experimented with cigarettes become new regular, daily smokers.
Find out more about the trends on the use of tobacco 2000-2025:http://bit.ly/1BrmwCs
31 May 2015 World No Tobacco Day: Illicit trade of tobacco products must be stopped.

Twitter
9 October 2014

27 February 2015
10 years of #FCTC. And a countdown to World No Tobacco Day has begun! http://bit.ly/1JQQJUg

31 May 2015

2 January 2016

2) Please attach any other relevant file(s)
   Annex FIP publication - Establishing tobacco-free communities
   A practical guide for pharmacists.pdf

Declarations

1) Please confirm that your organization does not receive, has not received and will not receive in the future, either directly or indirectly, any financial or other contributions or assistance from the tobacco industry or its affiliates. Please also confirm that neither your members nor your partners are affiliated directly or indirectly with the tobacco industry or its affiliates or those furthering the interests of the tobacco industry.
   Yes

2) By electronic signature I confirm that the above information is accurate and completed to the best of our abilities.
   Signature by head of organization and date
   Luc Besançon, General Secretary & CEO of FIP, 15-1-2016

3) Please confirm that the activities of your organization are in conformity with the 17th and 18th preambular paragraphs and Article 5.3 of the WHO FCTC.
   Yes