In 1995, healthy expectancy in both sexes was 12 year(s) lower than overall life expectancy at birth. This lost healthy expectancy represents 12 equivalent year(s) of full health lost through years lived with morbidity and disability.

Life expectancy at birth for both sexes increased by 2 year(s) over the period of 2000-2012; the WHO region average increased by 4 year(s) in the same period.

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Nauru: WHO statistical profile

**DTP3 immunization among 1-year-olds**

- 1990: Percentage
- 1995: Percentage
- 2000: Percentage
- 2005: Percentage
- 2010: Percentage
- 2015: Percentage

**Children aged under-5 stunted**

- 1990: Percentage
- 1995: Percentage
- 2000: Percentage
- 2005: Percentage
- 2010: Percentage
- 2015: Percentage

**Utilisation of health services**

*Data refer to the latest year available from 2007.*

- Contraceptive prevalence
- Antenatal care (4+ visits)
- Births attended by skilled health personnel
- Measles immunization (1-yr-olds)
- Smear-positive TB treatment-success

**Per capita total expenditure on health**

- 1995: US$ (at average exchange rate)
- 2000: US$ (at average exchange rate)
- 2005: US$ (at average exchange rate)
- 2010: US$ (at average exchange rate)
- 2015: US$ (at average exchange rate)

**Population using improved water and sanitation**

- 1990: Percentage
- 1995: Percentage
- 2000: Percentage
- 2005: Percentage
- 2010: Percentage
- 2015: Percentage

**Adult risk factors**

- Raised blood glucose (aged 25+), 2008
- Raised blood pressure (aged 25+), 2008
- Obesity (aged 20+), 2008
- Tobacco use (aged 15+), 2011

- Male
- Female

- 1990: Percentage
- 1995: Percentage
- 2000: Percentage
- 2005: Percentage
- 2010: Percentage
- 2015: Percentage

**Source:** Country statistics and global health estimates by WHO and UN partners

For more information visit the Global Health Observatory [http://www.who.int/gho/en/]

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