

Coordination table
Information from Governments on health activities in Haiti
Status: 27 January 2010 10:00 GVA

Country/Partner	Status/Information received
Argentina	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • A planeload of medical equipment and relief supplies. Exact breakdown not known.
Australia	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • To NGOs: Additional contribution to meet urgent and emergency humanitarian needs such as food, water and sanitation, shelter and medical assistance.
Bangladesh	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 30 member contingent of health emergency response professionals to be sent to Haiti
Belgium	21 January 2010: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Approx 60 persons (B-Fast team) • One relief team (20 persons) • One field hospital • 33 persons from USAR team (Urban Search and Rescue Team) with 4 sniffing dogs • 2 WATSAN persons with one Water purification installation
Bolivia	In-kind: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Blood and food for the victims
Brazil	21 January 2010: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 6 flights of the Brazilian Air Force with personnel • Food items • Medications • Emergency portable hospital • Rescue team composed by fifty specialists in disaster relief, besides tools and rescue dogs
Bulgaria	The Bulgarian government has sent (through Hungary by plane): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Blankets • Tents • Planning to send field hospitals and medical teams.
Canada	Flash Appeal support to several agencies, including WHO. 22 January 2010: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Deployed 1,000 more troops, helicopters and ships Leogane • Field hospital run by Canadian Medical Assistance Teams • Disaster Emergency Response Team • C-17 aircraft with medical aid • 2 search and rescue helicopters (to speed up immigration requests for those who have Canadian relatives) • Emergency shelters • Medical services • Food • Relief items • Water and sanitation services and protection 25 January 2010: Will hold a Foreign ministers meeting to reassess the situation and seek to ensure that the U.N. mission can focus international efforts on current challenges and long-term stabilization and reconstruction.
China	21 January 2010: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 50-member of the National Earthquake Disaster Emergency Rescue Team ready to depart with food, equipment and medicine (US\$ 4.4 million)
Cuba	21 January 2010: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 60 doctors to add to its medical staff already in Haiti Offered help to accept patients
Czech Republic	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Reconstruction of Water Infrastructure
Dominican Republic	21 January 2010: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Waived visa requirements • President proposes to international donors the creation of a \$10 billion five-year assistance program to support Haiti's recovery • 850 troops escorting humanitarian convoys from the Dominican Republic to Haiti will be 'blue-hatted' • 4 hospitals on standby in Santa Domingo to receive evacuations from Haiti. • 20 technicians to help re-establish telecommunications. • 12 disaster management specialists. • 8 mobile clinics, 6 ambulances, water supplies and drugs
European Commission Humanitarian Aid	20 January 2010: Karel de Gucht and Peter Zangel went to Haiti to assess coordination and the needs for reconstruction in Haiti. Funds will be made available according to the assessed needs.

Egypt	<p>The Government of Egypt plans to contribute:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 500,000 Egyptian Pounds (approx 92,000 USD) worth of medicines and medical supplies to Haiti. WFP will assist Egypt in facilitating the transport and transfer to Haiti. WFP has advised to seek from WHO a list of medicines / medical supplies that are the most needed within the recovery effort so that Egypt can take them into account when preparing their support plan.
Estonia	<p>The government of Estonia wants to send:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Medical team (4-6 persons) • Field hospital
Finland	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • €750,000 to the Finnish Red Cross for field hospital; • €500,000 to Finnish Church Aid for aid workers, water supply, and food; <p>New funding decisions expected within the next 2 weeks, possibly health cluster also part of the considerations.</p>
France	<p>16 January 2010</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • UNIVC (Unité d'Identification des Victimes de Catastrophes) to take care on the identification of expatriates on behalf of the WHO <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ 65 clearing specialists, with six rescue dogs ▪ two doctors ▪ two nurses <p>21 January 2010:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Mobile Medical Assistance team and water cleaning team: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ 2 doctors ▪ 4 nurses ▪ 4 logisticians ▪ rescue personnel • 246 rescuers, 235 support and command personnel, 29 gendarmes and 9 rescue dogs and 130 tonnes of material • one field hospital (70 personnel and 33 tones of material) • one advanced medical centre (70 personnel and 6 tons of material and 10 mobile medical teams) • one water cleaning station (clening water for 20.000 person per day) • 67 firemen, 7 rescue team experts <p>From Martinique:</p> <p>13 January 2010:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Search and Rescue Team: 61 persons, 3 doctors • 65 firemen • 5 Emergency Medical Assistance Service personnel (SAMU) • Several tons of material
Georgia	<p>In kind</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 15 rescue rangers • 5 medical doctors • 40 tons of emergency supplies
Germany	<p>21 January 2010:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Evaluation of humanitarian need, water facilities • Basic medicare for 3 months • 4 experts • 2 water purification modules • Provision of drugs, medical supplies and non-food items
Iceland	<p>21 January 2010:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 37 search and rescue specialists from the Icelandic International Search and Rescue Team • 10 metric tons of tools and equipment • Three tons of water • Tents • Advanced communication equipment • Water purifying equipment
Indonesia	<p>Republic of Indonesia, International Health Emergency Response Team for Disaster Risk Reduction has chartered Boeing 747 belongs to Lion Air Company, to fly from Jakarta, Indonesia to Port-au-Prince, Haiti via Honolulu. The flight will leave on 18 January 2010 from Jakarta, estimated time of arrival is 09:00 am hrs on 19 January 2010.</p> <p>The following emergency health services can be provided:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Medical rescue • Adult and paediatric orthopaedic surgery • Adult and paediatric general surgery • Adult and paediatric internal medicine • Mobile health services for the outreach areas • Health services in temporary shelters / IDP camps • Early warning and rapid response (EWARS), • Disease outbreak control and environmental health

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Disaster Victim Identification (DVI) ● Forensic medicine ● The IHERT-DRR field hospital: 10 air-conditioned inflatable tents. It includes: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Major surgical unit, composed of one operating theatre, with operating table ▪ Patient monitor ▪ Anaesthetic machine ▪ Surgical and orthopaedic operating instruments ▪ Minor surgical unit, Delivery unit ▪ Out patient care unit ▪ Pharmacy unit ▪ In-patient tents for Male, female and children ▪ ECGs ▪ Defibrillators ▪ Portable X-ray ▪ Ultrasound machines ▪ Oxygen concentrators ▪ Field laboratory equipments ▪ Air conditioners ▪ Generator, Kitchen ▪ Portable field hospital waste control unit ▪ Water purifier ▪ Store unit ▪ Toilets and washing facilities ▪ Tents for team members ▪ Self sustain food ▪ Logistic supplies ▪ Emergency Information and Communication unit ▪ Patient Record and Reporting System ▪ Mobile health service unit ▪ Team members ▪ National Agency for Disaster Management (BNPB): 45 persons, Health professionals: 30 persons.
Iran (Islamic Republic of)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● 30 tonnes of humanitarian aid including food, tents and medicine
Israel	<p>15 January 2010:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Israeli and Brazilian field hospitals behind the PROMESS Hospital, near the WHO Office ● One field hospital and team accommodating 60 hospitalizations and 100 out patients/day, with trauma, surgery, gynecology and pediatric capacity (500 people) ● Search and rescue team (SAR) of engineering, medical, logistics and rescue experts ● Medical teams will spend two weeks to see an average of 500 patients a day (121 members, including 40 doctors and five search-and-rescue teams) ● 40 doctors, 24 nurses and representatives of the IDF Medical Corps ● Other 12 medical and logistic staff to arrive
Luxembourg	Health assistance through MSF
Mexico	<p>21 January 2010:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Hundreds of doctors, rescue workers & dogs ● Infrastructure damage experts ● Civil protection staff ● 45,000 tons of aid
Monaco	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Monaco Red Cross is ready to send doctors with the IFRC Units and they are collecting money, probably for the IFRC appeal ● Recovery and reconstruction: all Monaco NGOs, the Monaco Red Cross and the Government (MFA - Direction of Cooperation) created a "Collectif humanitaire", they are fundraising for rebuilding health structures and/or educational structures ● Monaco will send in an anticipated way the un earmarked contributions to the CERF and DREF (emergency fund of the IFRC) for 2010 ● A Monaco based company with an office in Haiti, ES-KO Staff, provides food rations to the 8,500 UN peace-keepers and also PX and catering services.
Morocco	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Medical and pharmaceutical products
Netherlands	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Field hospital
New Zealand	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● NZD 1million (approx. US\$ 720,000) to the Haiti earthquake response. It is planned that this contribution will be channelled through the WFP, as cluster lead for food aid, for emergency food provisions.

Nicaragua	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Special brigade to repair electric power lines • 31 military doctors of the Humanitarian Rescue Unit (URH)
Norway	<p>13 January 2010:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Field hospital • Emergency relief items: health kits, water and sanitation (water purification, storage and distribution systems), shelter, food rations and telecommunication
Panama	<p>21 January 2010:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Infrastructure for the logistical coordination of cooperation • 22 rescue workers and four sniffer dogs • 15 tons of food and medical supplies
Peru	<p>21 January 2010:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 54 tons of food and medicine
Philippines	<p>18 January 2010:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Medical team of 21: 3 general surgeons, 2 orthopaedic surgeons, 2 anaesthesiologists, 1 internist (internal medicine), 1 paediatrician, 5 nurses, 3 epidemiologists, 2 psychosocial experts and 2 sanitary engineers. The team will coordinate with WHO.
Poland	<p>21 January 2010:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Rescue and health personnel
Portugal	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • A Portuguese Air Force C-130 arrived in Port-au-Prince last weekend, carrying a multidisciplinary team of 30 persons, comprising personnel from: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ The Portuguese National Authority for Civil Protection; ▪ The National Institute for Medical Emergencies (doctors, nurses and first aid assisters); ▪ The Portuguese NGO “AMI – International Medical Assistance” (doctors, nurses and Logistical support personnel); ▪ A legal medicine specialist. • This team is equipped to set a shelter camp for around 400 persons and provide medical care services, including small surgeries. Portugal also sended camping gear, tents, camp beds, medical supplies, generators, bed sheets, blankets, hygiene kits and kitchen supplies. • The aircraft C-13 will be stationed in Port-au-Prince for a period of around 2 weeks and will carryout evacuation missions of injured people to neighbouring countries. • This in kind/assistance support of the Portuguese government is estimated to be equivalent to around EUR 1 million.
Qatar	<p>In kind</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Aircraft loaded with 50 tons of urgent relief materials to those affected; • Rescue team of 26 members • Field hospital
Romania	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 50 000 Euro contribution to WFP. • Participation to EU financial mobilization process. • Participation to reconstruction • 21 Romanian civil police forces currently at the UN Mission in the field.
Russian Federation	<p>18 January 2010:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Staffed field mobile hospital with all necessary medical equipment, medicines, etc. (Statis: 47 surgeries done, 155 outpatients treated, 218 victims got psychological treatment) • SAR teams with dogs • 4 planes • 3 trucks • One helicopter - Overall: 138 EMERCOM-staff deployed, of which 47 are medical staff (doctors, nurses) + 10 units of technical equipment, incl. 4 airplanes - 6 Haitian persons could be retrieved from the debris.
Spain	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The Spanish Agency for Cooperation and Development has informed that Spain has sent 6 plane-loads of emergency supplies to Haiti, most of them non-food items, but also some emergency health kits (number not specified). • AECID will make available €3 million for emergency assistance in the field (mainly through Spanish Red Cross and Action contre la Faim). In addition, Spain will provide €2.795 million to PAHO. (This was announced by the Minister of Health).
Sweden	<p>Sida is funding MSF and ICRC activities within the health sector and additional support through their existing partners in the health sector in Haiti may follow shortly.</p>
Switzerland	<p>21 January 2010:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 7 Inter-disciplinary experts for needs assessment • 10 experts in water and sanitation, health and shelter • 40 tons of shelter material, medicine and medical material, emergency kits.
Thailand	<p>Thailand to send medical team and donation (through WHO)</p>

<p>Turkey</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Inflatable tent (field) hospital consists of: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ 20 beds with 5 surgery room, ▪ 1 intensive care unit, ▪ X-ray machine, ▪ Laboratory and medical supplies ● 1 medical search and rescue vehicle ● 1 fully equipped ambulance ● 5 tonnes of medicine and consumables ● Health team consists of 19 staff: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ 2 coordinators (1 doctor, 1 medical technician), ▪ 1 general surgeon, ▪ 1 thoracic surgeon, ▪ 1 orthopaedist, ▪ 1 anaesthetist, ▪ 4 general practitioner, ▪ 1 anaesthetic technician, ▪ 1 X-Ray technician, ▪ 1 Laboratory technician, ▪ 4 Nurses, ▪ 1 Health officer, ▪ 1 Medical technician
<p>United Kingdom/Department for International Development (DFID)</p>	<p>UK has sent a team on the ground, decisions for support will be made there, UK wants to see a strong Health Cluster.</p>
<p>United States of America</p>	<p>Individual follow up made following ADG's letter, large health sector contributions in the pipeline (WHO has received US\$ 5 million).</p>
<p>Venezuela</p>	<p>21 January 2010:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● 50 rescue workers ● 14 tons of tools, medicine, potable water, ● non-perishable food items ● team of doctors ● rescue workers ● military ● firemen