Global Strategy for Women's, Children's and Adolescents' Health (2016–2030)

KEY STATISTICS

Maternal deaths
303,000 maternal deaths in 20151

Newborn deaths
2.6 million newborns died in 20162

Stillbirths
2.6 million stillbirths in 20153

Under-five deaths
5.6 million under-five deaths in 20164

Adolescent deaths
More than 1.2 million adolescents died in 20155

Adolescent birth rate
44 per 1000 adolescent girls aged 15–19 years in 20156

Children under 5 years who are stunted
155 million children under-five were stunted in 20167

Clean fuels and technologies
57% worldwide cook with clean energy8

Current domestic health expenditure
15.5% of total government expenditure was dedicated to health in 20149

Out-of-pocket health expenditure
18% of total health expenditure in 20149

Sexual and reproductive health and rights
30% of governments had adolescent SRHR policy measures in 201510

Universal Health Coverage
US$ 58 per person required to achieve UHC and health SDGs;
US$ 54 billion annual gap in the poorest 32 countries11

Birth registration
Around 30% of children under five had not been registered at birth by 201512

Education
Six of ten children not achieving minimum proficiency in reading and maths13

Improved sanitation
2.9 billion people used a safely managed sanitation service in 201514

Sexual violence
1 in 3 women worldwide have experienced physical and/or sexual violence15

Proportion of girls and women aged 15-49, married or in union, who have their need for family planning satisfied through modern methods of contraception (estimated, percentage)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Region</th>
<th>2000</th>
<th>2017</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Sub-Saharan Africa</td>
<td>31</td>
<td>50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oceania</td>
<td>43</td>
<td>52</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Northern Africa and Western Asia</td>
<td>57</td>
<td>65</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Central and Southern Asia</td>
<td>64</td>
<td>72</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Europe and Northern America</td>
<td>75</td>
<td>81</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Latin America and the Caribbean</td>
<td>77</td>
<td>83</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Australia and New Zealand</td>
<td>83.7</td>
<td>84.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Eastern and South-Eastern Asia</td>
<td>89</td>
<td>89</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>World</td>
<td>75</td>
<td>78</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Main causes of death in adolescents, most are preventable

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Females</th>
<th>Males</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Death rates (per 100 000)</td>
<td>Death rates (per 100 000)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lower respiratory infections</td>
<td>7.3</td>
<td>6.8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Diarrhoeal diseases</td>
<td>5.2</td>
<td>6.8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Meningitis</td>
<td>5.0</td>
<td>6.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HIV/AIDS</td>
<td>3.9</td>
<td>4.8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Congenital anomalies</td>
<td>3.6</td>
<td>4.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maternal anomalies</td>
<td>10.1</td>
<td>22.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Self-harm</td>
<td>9.6</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Road injury</td>
<td>6.1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Diarrhoeal diseases</td>
<td>5.9</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lower respiratory infections</td>
<td>5.4</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Risk of humanitarian crises and disasters

Women’s leadership for better health and sustainable development

World and regional averages of women in parliament

- **World average**: 23.3%
- **Americas**: 28.1%
- **Europe (Nordic countries included)**: 26.3%
- **Sub-Saharan Africa**: 23.6%
- **Asia**: 19.3%
- **Arab States**: 18.0%
- **Pacific**: 17.4%


WHO Global Health Observatory data portal for the Global Strategy for Women’s, Children’s and Adolescents’ Health: http://apps.who.int/gho/data/node.gswcah