PYREMETHAMINE TABLETS
(PYRIMETHAMINUM COMPRESSIONI)

Draft revision for The International Pharmacopoeia
(November 2017)

DRAFT FOR COMMENT

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**SCHEDULE FOR THE ADOPTION PROCESS OF DOCUMENT QAS/17.697:**

Draft revision for *The International Pharmacopoeia*

**PYRETHAMINE TABLETS**

*(PYRIMETHAMINUM COMPRESSI)*

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Event</th>
<th>Date</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>First draft received from collaborating laboratory</td>
<td>January 2017</td>
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<tr>
<td>Discussion at the consultation on screening technology, sampling and specifications for medicines</td>
<td>May 2017</td>
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<tr>
<td>Revision of the first draft (Rev. 1)</td>
<td>September 2017</td>
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<tr>
<td>Discussion at the meeting of the Expert Committee on Specifications for Pharmaceutical Preparations</td>
<td>October 2017</td>
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<tr>
<td>Draft revision (Rev2) sent out for public consultation</td>
<td>November 2017–January 2018</td>
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<td>Further follow-up action as required</td>
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*Note from the Secretariat:* It is proposed to include the monograph on Pyrimethamine tablets in *The International Pharmacopoeia.*
PYRIMETHAMINE TABLETS
(PYRIMETHAMINUM COMpressi)

Category. Antimalarial.

Storage. Pyrimethamine tablets should be kept in a well-closed container, protected from light.


Requirements

Comply with the monograph for Tablets.

Definition. Pyrimethamine tablets contain not less than 90.0% and not more than 110.0% of the labelled amount of pyrimethamine ($C_{12}H_{13}ClN_4$).

Identity tests

- Either test A or tests B and C may be applied.

A. Shake a quantity of the powdered tablets, containing about 50 mg of pyrimethamine, with 50 mL of dehydrated ethanol R for 20 minutes, filter and evaporate the filtrate to dryness. Carry out the examination as described under 7.1 Spectrophotometry in the infrared region. The infrared absorption spectrum is concordant with the spectrum obtained from pyrimethamine RS treated similarly.

B. To a quantity of the powdered tablets, containing about 25 mg of pyrimethamine, add 50 mL of hot hydrochloric acid (~3.65 g/L) TS and heat on a water bath for 10 minutes, swirling occasionally. Mix with the aid of ultrasound for 30 minutes and cool to room temperature. Add sufficient hydrochloric acid (~3.65 g/L) TS to produce 100 mL. Filter a portion of this solution and discard the first few mL of the filtrate. Dilute 5 mL of the filtrate to 100 mL with hydrochloric acid (~3.65 g/L) TS. The absorption spectrum of the solution, when observed between 250 and 300 nm, exhibits a maximum at about 272 nm and a minimum at about 261 nm.

C. Carry out the test as described under 1.14.4 High-performance liquid chromatography using the conditions given under “Assay”. The retention time of the principal peak in the chromatogram obtained with solution (1) corresponds to the peak due to pyrimethamine in the chromatogram obtained with solution (2).
Dissolution. Carry out the test described under 5.5 *Dissolution test for solid oral dosage forms* using as the dissolution medium 900 mL of hydrochloric acid (\(~3.65\) g/L) TS and rotating the paddle at 50 revolutions per minute. At 45 minutes withdraw a sample of 10 mL of the medium through an in-line filter. Measure the absorbance (1.6) of a 1 cm layer of the filtered sample at the maximum at about 272 nm, using the dissolution buffer as the blank. Measure at the same time and under the same conditions the absorbance of a suitable solution of pyrimethamine RS in dissolution medium.

For each of the tablets tested, calculate the total amount of pyrimethamine (C\(_{12}\)H\(_{13}\)ClN\(_{4}\)) in the medium from the results obtained. The amount in solution for each tablet is not less than 75% (Q) of the amount declared on the label.

*Note from the Secretariat. It is intended to determine the absorptivity value of pyrimethamine during the establishment of pyrimethamine RS and to use this value for the calculation of the test result.*

Related substances. Carry out the test as described under 1.14.4 *High-performance liquid chromatography* using the conditions given under “Assay” with the following modifications:

For solution (2) dilute 10.0 mL of solution (1) to 100.0 mL with mobile phase. Dilute 1.0 mL of this solution to 100.0 mL with mobile phase. For solution (3) prepare 20 mL of a 1.25 mg/mL solution of pyrimethamine in sulfuric acid (\(~570\) g/L) TS in a 25 mL conical flask. Heat the solution on a hotplate until it boils. Continue to heat to reduce the volume to about half its original volume. The final solution should be clear with a light tinge of yellow. Cool and dilute 1 volume of this solution to 10 volumes with mobile phase.

Inject 30 \(\mu\)L of solution (3). Record the chromatogram for about 2 times the retention time of pyrimethamine (retention time about 7 minutes). The impurities are eluted at the following relative retention with reference to the pyrimethamine: impurity A about 0.41; impurity B about 0.53 and impurity C about 0.69. The test is not valid unless in the chromatogram obtained with solution (3) the resolutions between impurities A and B is at least 3.0.

Inject alternately 30 \(\mu\)L of solution (1) and (2)

Use the chromatogram obtained with solution (3) to identify the peaks due to the impurities A, B and C.

In the chromatogram obtained with solution (1):
the area of any peak corresponding to either impurity A, B or C is not greater than 2.5 times the area of the peak due to pyrimethamine in the chromatogram obtained with solution (2) (0.25%).

Assay. Carry out the test as described under 1.14.4 High-performance liquid chromatography using a stainless steel column (10 cm x 4.6 mm) packed with end-capped particles of silica gel, the surface of which has been modified with chemically-bonded octadecylsilyl groups (3.5 µm). The material contains embedded polar groups.¹

Prepare an ammonia solution by adding 10.0 mL of ammonia (~260 g/L) TS to 150 mL of water R, mix and dilute to 200.0 mL with water. Prepare the ammonium bicarbonate buffer pH 9.3 by dissolving 0.8 g of ammonium bicarbonate R in 1500 mL of water, adjust the pH to 9.3 by adding the ammonium solution (about 25 mL), mix and dilute to 2000.0 mL with water R.

As the mobile phase, use a mixture of 55 volumes of ammonium bicarbonate buffer pH 9.3 and 45 volumes of methanol R.

Operate with a flow rate of 1.5 mL per minute. As a detector use an ultraviolet spectrophotometer set at a wavelength of 280 nm. Maintain the column temperature at 35 °C.

Prepare as a solvent solution a mixture of 50 volumes of acetic acid (~ 10 g/L) TS and 50 volumes of methanol R.

Prepare the following solutions. For solution (1) weigh and powder 20 tablets. Transfer a quantity to the powdered tablets, containing about 125 mg of pyrimethamine, accurately weighed, into a 100 mL volumetric flask. Add approximately 75 mL of the solvent solution and sonicate for about 10 minutes. Dilute to volume with the solvent solution, mix and filter. Dilute 5.0 mL of the filtrate to 50.0 mL with mobile phase. For solution (2) dissolve 12.5 mg pyrimethamine RS in 20 mL, sonicate for 10 minutes and dilute to 100.0 mL with mobile phase.

Inject 30 µL of solution (1) and (2). Measure the areas of the peaks corresponding to pyrimethamine obtained in the chromatograms from solution (1) and (2) and calculate the percentage content of C₁₂H₁₃ClN₄ in the tablets, using the declared content of C₁₂H₁₃ClN₄ in pyrimethamine RS.

¹Waters Xbridge Shield RP18 has been found suitable.
Impurities

The impurities limited by the requirements of this monograph include impurities A, B and C listed in the monograph on Pyrimethamine.

Reagents to be included:

Ammonium bicarbonate R

Analytical reagent grade of commerce containing not less than 99% of NH$_4$HCO$_3$.  

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