WHA61.14  Prevention and control of noncommunicable diseases: implementation of the global strategy

The Sixty-first World Health Assembly,

Having considered the report on the prevention and control of noncommunicable diseases: implementation of the global strategy;¹

Recalling resolutions WHA53.17 on the prevention and control of noncommunicable diseases and WHA60.23 on the prevention and control of noncommunicable diseases: implementation of the global strategy;

Reaffirming its commitment to the aim of the global strategy for the prevention and control of noncommunicable diseases² to reduce premature mortality and improve quality of life;

Reaffirming also its commitment to addressing key risk factors for noncommunicable diseases through the implementation of the WHO Framework Convention on Tobacco Control, adopted by the Health Assembly in 2003 (resolution WHA56.1), the global strategy on diet, physical activity and health, endorsed by the Health Assembly in 2004 (resolution WHA57.17), and the evidence-based strategies and interventions to reduce the public health problems caused by the harmful use of alcohol (resolution WHA58.26);

Deeply concerned that the global burden of noncommunicable diseases continues to grow, in particular in low-income and middle-income countries, and convinced that global action is necessary, including by effectively addressing the key risk factors for noncommunicable diseases;

Reaffirming the leadership role of WHO in promoting global action against noncommunicable diseases, and the need for WHO to continue to cooperate with regional and international organizations in order to reduce effectively the impact of noncommunicable diseases,

1. ENDORSES the action plan for the global strategy for the prevention and control of noncommunicable diseases;³

2. URGES Member States:

   (1) to strengthen national efforts to address the burden of noncommunicable diseases;

   (2) to consider the proposed actions in the action plan for the prevention and control of noncommunicable diseases and implement relevant actions, in accordance with national priorities;

   (3) to continue to implement the actions agreed by the Health Assembly in resolution WHA60.23 on the prevention and control of noncommunicable diseases: implementation of the global strategy;

² Document A53/14.
³ See Annex 3.
(4) to increase provision of support to the work of the Secretariat to prevent and control noncommunicable diseases, including the implementation of the action plan;

(5) to give high priority to the implementation of the elements of the WHO Framework Convention on Tobacco Control;

3. REQUESTS the Director-General:

(1) to continue to give suitably high priority to the prevention and control of noncommunicable diseases and to consider allocating, within the framework of the Medium-term strategic plan 2008–2013 a higher proportion of budget to their prevention and control, with a focus on the development of core capacity of the Member States and increased technical capacity of the WHO Secretariat;

(2) to report to the Sixty-third World Health Assembly, and subsequently every two years to the Health Assembly, through the Executive Board, on progress in implementing the global strategy on prevention and control of noncommunicable diseases and the action plan.

(Eighth plenary meeting, 24 May 2008 – Committee A, third report)

WHA61.15 Global immunization strategy

The Sixty-first World Health Assembly,

Having considered the report on the global immunization strategy;¹

Applauding the remarkable investments in human and financial resources made by Member States and partner agencies in support of vaccines and immunization as well as the launch of innovative financing mechanisms, such as the International Finance Facility for Immunization, and the advance market commitment for a pneumococcal conjugate vaccine through the GAVI Alliance;

Recognizing the immense contribution that immunization has made to the control of the common communicable diseases in the countries where it has been effectively applied;

Recognizing that continued efforts are also required to strengthen surveillance of communicable diseases and ensure the quality of the production, management and administration of vaccines;

Recalling resolution WHA56.20 on reducing global measles mortality, and commending Member States’ and their partners’ success in exceeding the goal of reducing deaths worldwide due to measles by 50% by the end of 2005 compared with the 1999 level;

Commending also Member States’ and their partners’ progress in increasing the availability, affordability and uptake of hepatitis B vaccine worldwide;

¹ Document A61/10.