FACT SHEET

PSYCHOACTIVE SUBSTANCE USE AMONG ADOLESCENTS IN THE WHO AFRICAN REGION

Prevalence of alcoholic drinks

The figure below is based on data from the WHO Global School-based Student Health Survey (GSHS) and presents data of 13-15 year old students living in fourteen countries in the WHO African Region. The figure shows the percentage of all students who consumed one drink or less, two to three drinks, or four or more drinks on one drinking occasion. The remaining students replied that they do not drink.

Prevalence (%) of alcoholic drinks on one drinking occasion in the WHO African Region - Both Sexes

GSHS data was conducted between 2004-2009 with a national representative sample of school students (13-15 year old). Subnational data was used for the following countries due to lack of national data at time of publication: Tanzania and Zimbabwe.

This fact sheet was developed jointly by the WHO Surveillance and Population-based Prevention team, Department of Chronic Diseases and Health Promotion and the WHO Management of Substance Abuse Team, Department of Mental Health and Substance Abuse.