Bahamas

Total population: 372,000
Income Group: High

Percentage of population living in urban areas: 84.3%
Population proportion between ages 30 and 70 years: 47.7%

Premature mortality due to NCDs*

The probability of dying between ages 30 and 70 years from the 4 main NCDs is 14%.

Adult risk factors

| Current tobacco smoking (2011) | . . . |
| Total alcohol per capita consumption, in litres of pure alcohol (2010) | 10.1 | 3.9 | 6.9 |
| Raised blood pressure (2008) | 35.5% | 24.7% | 29.8% |
| Obesity (2008) | 26.4% | 42.4% | 34.7% |

National systems response to NCDs

- Has an operational NCD unit/branch or department within the Ministry of Health, or equivalent
  - No
- Has an operational multisectoral national policy, strategy or action plan that integrates several NCDs and shared risk factors
  - No
- Has an operational policy, strategy or action plan to reduce the harmful use of alcohol
  - No
- Has an operational policy, strategy or action plan to reduce physical inactivity and/or promote physical activity
  - No
- Has an operational policy, strategy or action plan to reduce the burden of tobacco use
  - No
- Has an operational policy, strategy or action plan to reduce unhealthy diet and/or promote healthy diets
  - No
- Has evidence-based national guidelines/protocols/standards for the management of major NCDs through a primary care approach
  - No
- Has an NCD surveillance and monitoring system in place to enable reporting against the nine global NCD targets
  - Yes
- Has a national, population-based cancer registry
  - No

* The mortality estimates for this country have a high degree of uncertainty because they are not based on any national NCD mortality data (see Explanatory Notes).
  - . . . = no data available