**RISK OF PREMATURE DEATH DUE TO NCDs (%)**

- **19%** Cardiovascular diseases
- **14%** Other NCDs
- **7%** Cancers
- **45%** Communicable, maternal, perinatal and nutritional conditions
- **2%** Chronic respiratory diseases
- **10%** Injuries

**PROPORTIONAL MORTALITY**

- **19%** Cardiovascular diseases
- **14%** Other NCDs
- **7%** Cancers
- **45%** Communicable, maternal, perinatal and nutritional conditions
- **2%** Chronic respiratory diseases
- **10%** Injuries

**MORTALITY**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>NATIONAL TARGET SET</th>
<th>DATA YEAR</th>
<th>MALES</th>
<th>FEMALES</th>
<th>TOTAL</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Premature mortality from NCDs</td>
<td>Total NCD deaths</td>
<td>2016</td>
<td>1 700</td>
<td>1 600</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Risk of premature death between 30–70 years (%)</td>
<td>2016</td>
<td>21</td>
<td>18</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Suicide mortality</td>
<td>2016</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**RISK FACTORS**

- **Harmful use of alcohol** | Total alcohol per capita consumption, adults aged 15+ (litres of pure alcohol) | 2016 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
- **Physical inactivity** | Physical inactivity, adults aged 18+ (%) | 2016 | - | - | - |
- **Salt/Sodium intake** | Mean population salt intake, adults aged 20+ (g/day) | 2010 | 6 | 6 | 6 |
- **Tobacco use** | Current tobacco smoking, adults aged 15+ (%) | 2016 | 24 | 2 | 13 |
- **Diabetes** | Raised blood pressure, adults aged 18+ (%) | 2015 | 23 | 20 | 22 |
- **Obesity** | Obesity, adults aged 18+ (%) | 2016 | 8 | 17 | 12 |
- **Obesity** | Obesity, adolescents aged 10–19 (%) | 2016 | 4 | 5 | 4 |
- **Ambient air pollution** | Exceedance of WHO guidelines level for annual PM2.5 concentration (by a multiple of) | 2016 | - | - | 4 |
- **Household air pollution** | Population with primary reliance on polluting fuels and technologies (%) | 2016 | - | - | 88 |

**SELECTED ADULT RISK FACTOR TRENDS**

- **CURRENT TOBACCO SMOKING**
- **OBERITY**
- **RAISED BLOOD PRESSURE**

**NATIONAL SYSTEMS RESPONSE**

- **Drug therapy to prevent heart attacks and strokes** | Proportion of population at high risk for CVD or with existing CVD (%) | - | - | - |
- | Proportion of high risk persons receiving any drug therapy and counselling to prevent heart attacks and strokes (%) | - | - | - |
- | Proportion of primary health care centres reported as offering CVD risk stratification | 2017 | None | |
- | Reported having CVD guidelines that are utilized in at least 50% of health facilities | 2017 | None | |
- **Essential NCD medicines and basic technologies to treat major NCDs** | Number of essential NCD medicines reported as “generally available” | 2017 | 7 out of 10 | |
- | Number of essential NCD technologies reported as “generally available” | 2017 | 6 out of 6 | |

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*The mortality estimates for this country have a high degree of uncertainty because they are not based on any national NCD mortality data (see Explanatory Notes)*