### ALGERIA

**RISK OF PREMATURE DEATH DUE TO NCDS (%)**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Risk Factor</th>
<th>Males</th>
<th>Females</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Premature mortality from NCDS (%)</td>
<td>2016</td>
<td>71,400</td>
<td>144,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Risk of premature death between 30-70 years (%)</td>
<td>2016</td>
<td>14</td>
<td>32</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**PROPORTIONAL MORTALITY**

- 36% Cardiovascular diseases
- 19% Other NCDS
- 13% Cancers
- 15% Communicable, maternal, perinatal and nutritional conditions
- 3% Chronic respiratory diseases
- 10% Injuries
- 4% Diabetes

### SELECTED ADULT RISK FACTOR TRENDS

### NATIONAL SYSTEMS RESPONSE

- Drug therapy to prevent heart attacks and strokes: 2016 - 9
- Essential NCD medicines and basic technologies to treat major NCDs: 2017 - 8 out of 10

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* The mortality estimates for this country have a high degree of uncertainty because they are not based on any national NCD mortality data (see Explanatory Notes)