**ETHIOPIA**

**RISK OF PREMATURE DEATH DUE TO NCD (%)**

**PROPORTIONAL MORTALITY**

- 16% Cardiovascular diseases
- 12% Other NCDs
- 7% Cancers
- 49% Communicable, maternal, perinatal and nutritional conditions
- 2% Chronic respiratory diseases
- 12% Injuries

**RISK FACTORS**

- **Harmful use of alcohol**
  - Total alcohol per capita consumption, adults aged 15+ (litres of pure alcohol)
  - 2016: 5
  - 2017: 2

- **Physical inactivity**
  - Physical inactivity, adults aged 18+ (%)
  - 2016: 10
  - 2017: 2

- **Salt/Sodium intake**
  - Mean population salt intake, adults aged 20+ (g/day)
  - 2010: 6
  - 2017: 2

- **Tobacco use**
  - Current tobacco smoking, adults aged 15+ (%)
  - 2016: 8
  - 2017: 1

- **Raised blood pressure**
  - Raised blood pressure, adults aged 18+ (%)
  - 2016: 23
  - 2017: 2

- **Diabetes**
  - Raised blood glucose, adults aged 18+ (%)
  - 2014: 4
  - 2016: 2

- **Obesity**
  - Obesity, adults aged 18+ (%)
  - 2016: 2
  - 2017: 1

- **Ambient air pollution**
  - Exceedance of WHO guidelines level for annual PM2.5 concentration (proportion)
  - 2016: 0

- **Household air pollution**
  - Population with primary reliance on polluting fuels and technologies (%)
  - 2016: 0

**SELECTED ADULT RISK FACTOR TRENDS**

**CURRENT TOBACCO SMOKING**

**OBESITY**

**RAISED BLOOD PRESSURE**

**NATIONAL SYSTEMS RESPONSE**

- **Drug therapy to prevent heart attacks and strokes**
  - Proportion of high risk persons receiving any drug therapy and counselling to prevent heart attacks and strokes (%)
  - 2015: 12

- **Essential NCD medicines and basic technologies to treat major NCDs**
  - Number of essential NCD medicines reported as “generally available”
  - 2017: 1 out of 10

*The mortality estimates for this country have a high degree of uncertainty because they are not based on any national NCD mortality data (see Explanatory Notes)*