MALDIVES

RISK OF PREMATURE DEATH DUE TO NCDs (%)*

- 36% Cardiovascular diseases
- 19% Other NCDs
- 17% Cancers
- 8% Communicable, maternal, perinatal and nutritional conditions
- 9% Chronic respiratory diseases
- 8% Injuries
- 3% Diabetes

PROPORTIONAL MORTALITY*

- 2016 TOTAL POPULATION: 428 000
- 2016 TOTAL DEATHS: 1 300

12 100 LIVES CAN BE SAVED BY 2025 BY IMPLEMENTING ALL OF THE WHO "BEST BUYS"

MORTALITY*

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>NATIONAL TARGET SET</th>
<th>DATA YEAR</th>
<th>MALES</th>
<th>FEMALES</th>
<th>TOTAL</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Premature mortality from NCCDs ✓</td>
<td>Total NCD deaths</td>
<td>2016</td>
<td>630</td>
<td>450</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Risk of premature death between 30-70 years (%)</td>
<td>2016</td>
<td>16</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>13</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Suicide mortality ✓</td>
<td>Suicide mortality rate (per 100 000 population)</td>
<td>2016</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

RISK FACTORS

- Harmful use of alcohol ✓ | Total alcohol per capita consumption, adults aged 15+ (litres of pure alcohol) | 2016 | 5 | 1 | 3 |
- Physical inactivity ✓ | Physical inactivity, adults aged 18+ (%) | 2016 | 24 | 33 | 29 |
- Salt/Sodium intake ✓ | Mean population salt intake, adults aged 20+ (g/day) | 2010 | 9 | 8 | 8 |
- Tobacco use ✓ | Current tobacco smoking, adults aged 15+ (%) | 2016 | 56 | 2 | 29 |
- Raised blood pressure ✓ | Raised blood pressure, adults aged 18+ (%) | 2015 | 23 | 17 | 20 |
- Diabetes ✓ | Raised blood glucose, adults aged 18+ (%) | 2014 | 9 | 8 | 9 |
- Obesity ✓ | Obesity, adults aged 18+ (%) | 2016 | 5 | 10 | 8 |
- Obesity, adolescents aged 10-19 (%) | 2016 | 8 | 5 | 6 |
- Ambient air pollution ✓ | Exceedance of WHO guidelines level for annual PM2.5 concentration (proportion)% | 2016 | - | - | - |
- Household air pollution ✓ | Population with primary reliance on polluting fuels and technologies (%) | 2016 | - | - | 6 |

SELECTED ADULT RISK FACTOR TRENDS

CURRENT TOBACCO SMOKING

- % of the population

OBEY

- % of the population

RAISED BLOOD PRESSURE

- % of the population

NATIONAL SYSTEMS RESPONSE

- Drug therapy to prevent heart attacks and strokes ✓
- Proportion of population at high risk for CVD or with existing CVD (%) -
- Proportion of high risk persons receiving any drug therapy and counselling to prevent heart attacks and strokes (%) -
- Proportion of primary health care centres reported as offering CVD risk stratification 2017 | Less than 25% |
- Reported having CVD guidelines that are utilized in at least 50% of health facilities 2017 | Yes |

- Essential NCD medicines and basic technologies to treat major NCDs ✓
- Number of essential NCD medicines reported as “generally available” 2017 | 7 out of 10 |
- Number of essential NCD technologies reported as “generally available” 2017 | 4 out of 6 |

... = no data available

* The mortality estimates for this country have a high degree of uncertainty because they are not based on any national NCD mortality data (see Explanatory Notes)
* not exceeding