Mongolia

Percentage of population living in urban areas: 68.5%
Population proportion between ages 30 and 70 years: 40.5%

**Adult risk factors**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Risk Factor</th>
<th>Males</th>
<th>Females</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Current tobacco smoking (2011)</td>
<td>48%</td>
<td>6%</td>
<td>27%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total alcohol per capita consumption, in litres of pure alcohol (2010)</td>
<td>11.7</td>
<td>2.2</td>
<td>6.9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Raised blood pressure (2008)</td>
<td>38.1%</td>
<td>27.5%</td>
<td>32.7%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Obesity (2008)</td>
<td>10.4%</td>
<td>18.3%</td>
<td>14.4%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**National systems response to NCDs**

- Has an operational NCD unit/branch or department within the Ministry of Health, or equivalent: Yes
- Has an operational multisectoral national policy, strategy or action plan that integrates several NCDs and shared risk factors: No
- Has an operational policy, strategy or action plan to reduce the harmful use of alcohol: Yes
- Has an operational policy, strategy or action plan to reduce physical inactivity and/or promote physical activity: Yes
- Has an operational policy, strategy or action plan to reduce the burden of tobacco use: Yes
- Has an operational policy, strategy or action plan to reduce unhealthy diet and/or promote healthy diets: Yes
- Has evidence-based national guidelines/protocols/standards for the management of major NCDs through a primary care approach: No
- Has an NCD surveillance and monitoring system in place to enable reporting against the nine global NCD targets: Yes
- Has a national, population-based cancer registry: No

The probability of dying between ages 30 and 70 years from the 4 main NCDs is 32%.

Cardiovascular diseases 43%
Cancers 17%
Chronic respiratory diseases 3%
Diabetes 1%
Other NCDs 15%
Communicable, maternal, perinatal and nutritional conditions 11%
Injuries 10%
NCDs are estimated to account for 79% of total deaths.