MOZAMBIQUE

RISK OF PREMATURE DEATH DUE TO NCDS (%)*

18 000 LIVES CAN BE SAVED BY 2025 BY IMPLEMENTING ALL OF THE WHO "BEST BUYS"

NATIONAL SYSTEMS RESPONSE

PROPORTIONAL MORTALITY*

8% Cardiovascular diseases
7% Other NCDs
65% Cancers
1% Communicable, maternal, perinatal and nutritional conditions
8% Chronic respiratory diseases
1% Injuries
1% Diabetes

1% of the population

MOZAMBIQUE

2016 TOTAL POPULATION: 28 829 000
2016 TOTAL DEATHS: 257 000

RISK FACTORS

Harmful use of alcohol ✓
Physical inactivity ✓
Salt/Sodium intake ✓
Tobacco use ✓
Raised blood pressure ✓
Diabetes ✓
Obesity ✓
Ambient air pollution -
Household air pollution -

SELECTED ADULT RISK FACTOR TRENDS

CURRENT TOBACCO SMOKING

- = no data available

* The mortality estimates for this country have a high degree of uncertainty because they are not based on any national NCD mortality data (see Explanatory Notes)