SYRIAN ARAB REPUBLIC

RISK OF PREMATURE DEATH DUE TO NCDs (%)*

![Graph showing premature death probability by year and gender]

PROPORTIONAL MORTALITY*

- 25% Cardiovascular diseases
- 8% Other NCDs
- 9% Cancers
- 5% Communicable, maternal, perinatal and nutritional conditions
- 2% Chronic respiratory diseases
- 50% Injuries
- 1% Diabetes

14,300 LIVES CAN BE SAVED BY 2025 BY IMPLEMENTING ALL OF THE WHO “BEST BUYS”

NATIONAL SYSTEMS RESPONSE

2016 TOTAL POPULATION: 18,430,000
2016 TOTAL DEATHS: 150,000

MORTALITY*

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>NATIONAL TARGET SET</th>
<th>DATA YEAR</th>
<th>MALES</th>
<th>FEMALES</th>
<th>TOTAL</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Premature mortality from NCDs</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>Total NCD deaths</td>
<td>2016</td>
<td>34,600</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Risk of premature death between 30-70 years (%)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>2016</td>
<td>25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Suicide mortality</td>
<td></td>
<td>Suicide mortality rate (per 100,000 population)</td>
<td>2016</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

RISK FACTORS

- Harmful use of alcohol X Total alcohol per capita consumption, adults aged 15+ (litres of pure alcohol) 2016 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
- Physical inactivity X Physical inactivity, adults aged 18+ (%) 2016 | - | - | - |
- Salt/Sodium intake X Mean population salt intake, adults aged 20+ (g/day) 2010 | 11 | 10 | 11 |
- Tobacco use X Current tobacco smoking, adults aged 15+ (%) 2016 | - | - | - |
- Raised blood pressure X Raised blood pressure, adults aged 18+ (%) 2015 | 21 | 19 | 20 |
- Diabetes X Raised blood glucose, adults aged 18+ (%) 2014 | 11 | 13 | 12 |
- Obesity X Obesity, adults aged 18+ (%) 2016 | 19 | 32 | 26 |
- Obesity, adolescents aged 10-19 (%) 2016 | 10 | 9 | 10 |
- Ambient air pollution - Exceedance of WHO guidelines level for annual PM2.5 concentration (proportion) 2016 | - | - | 4 |
- Household air pollution - Population with primary reliance on polluting fuels and technologies (%) 2016 | - | - | <5 |

SELECTED ADULT RISK FACTOR TRENDS

CURRENT TOBACCO SMOKING

NO DATA AVAILABLE

OBESITY

RAISED BLOOD PRESSURE

NATIONAL SYSTEMS RESPONSE

- Drug therapy to prevent heart attacks and strokes X Proportion of population at high risk for CVD or with existing CVD (%) | - | - |
- Proportion of high risk persons receiving any drug therapy and counselling to prevent heart attacks and strokes (%) | - | - |
- Proportion of primary health care centres reported as offering CVD risk stratification | 2017 | 25% to 50% |
- Reported having CVD guidelines that are utilized in at least 50% of health facilities | 2017 | No |

- Essential NCD medicines and basic technologies to treat major NCDs X Number of essential NCD medicines reported as “generally available” 2017 | 10 out of 10 |
- Number of essential NCD technologies reported as “generally available” 2017 | 5 out of 6 |

* The mortality estimates for this country have a high degree of uncertainty because they are not based on any national NCD mortality data (see Explanatory Notes)