The UN Decade of Action on Nutrition offers a unique opportunity for countries to indicate what they aim to achieve within the Decade and what kind of action they will commit to, which can be either financial or non-financial.

The commitment submission process will be continuous during the Decade; they are expected to be signed off by high-level representatives of countries before being submitted to the joint FAO/WHO Secretariat of the UN Decade of Action on Nutrition.

For public accountability, the commitments submitted will be tracked on a regular basis by country self-assessments through an open access database co-facilitated by the joint FAO/WHO Secretariat of the UN Decade of Action on Nutrition. The resource guide also includes details on the commitment submission and tracking process.

FAO and WHO will submit biennial reports to the FAO and WHO governing bodies and to the Secretary-General of the United Nations.

Countries with experience in developing SMART commitments for action are encouraged to share their experiences.
A common vision for global action to eradicate hunger and end all forms of malnutrition was defined by the ten commitments of the Rome Declaration on Nutrition and the accompanying 60 recommended policy options and strategies in its Framework for Action which were adopted at the Second International Conference on Nutrition (ICN2) in November 2014.

The implementation of the ten commitments through the use of the ICN2 Framework for Action will contribute to ensuring accountability and monitoring progress in achieving the World Health Assembly six global nutrition targets 2025 and the nutrition-related voluntary global noncommunicable diseases targets.

Following the recommendation in the Rome Declaration, the United Nations (UN) Decade of Action on Nutrition (2016–2025) was declared by the UN General Assembly in April 2016. The UN Decade of Action on Nutrition offers a unique opportunity to all countries and stakeholders to unite around a common framework and to increase the visibility, coordination, efficiency and effectiveness of nutrition action at all levels across the world.

**The ten commitments made globally through the Rome Declaration on Nutrition**

1. Eradicate hunger and prevent all forms of malnutrition.
2. Increase investments for effective interventions and actions to improve people’s diets and nutrition.
3. Enhance sustainable food systems.
4. Raise the profile of nutrition with national strategies and align national resources accordingly.
5. Strengthen human and institutional capacities to improve nutrition.
6. Strengthen and facilitate contributions and action by all stakeholders.
7. Ensure healthy diets throughout the life course.
8. Create enabling environment for making informed choices.
9. Implement these ten commitments through the Framework for Action.
10. Integrate the Declaration’s vision and commitments into the post-2015 development agenda process.

**SET, TRACK AND ACHIEVE COUNTRY-SPECIFIC SMART COMMITMENTS FOR ACTION**

As part of the UN Decade of Action on Nutrition and ICN2 follow-up process, governments are considering the appropriateness of each of the 60 recommended policy options and strategies of the ICN2 Framework for Action against their national needs and conditions.

The next step is to translate the selected policy options and strategies into country-specific commitments for action, in line with the 2030 Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) and various regional strategic frameworks.

The process to set specific commitments and track their progress to improve nutrition is supported by the Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO) and the World Health Organization (WHO).

Commitments that are SMART – specific, measurable, achievable, relevant and time-bound – help all stakeholders understand what action is intended and improve tracking.

In this context, FAO and WHO are preparing a resource guide to assist countries in translating the 60 recommended actions into country-specific SMART commitments for action on nutrition. Country-specific commitments for action will vary across countries as they would reflect national priorities and depend on the country’s nutrition situation, and current food and health systems.

**Think “SMART” when setting commitments for action**

**S = specific** – The commitment refers to a specific action and indicates who is responsible for achieving it.

**M = measurable** – The commitment includes an indicator to enable measuring progress and achieving the commitment.

**A = achievable** – The commitment refers to a realistic context based on level of progress achieved in the past.

**R = relevant** – The commitment reflects a country’s situation, national priorities and the challenges it faces.

**T = time-bound** – The commitment’s key milestone is to be met within a realistic timeframe for achievement.