

Annex 4: Network Work Plan 2002– 2005 at two glances, 4 February 2002

<p>Task Force 1. WHA Resolution on Occupational Health</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • A draft was prepared and reviewed by the Participating Centres 	<p>Task Force 2. Intensive partnership in Africa</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Training of occupational health and safety experts in Africa • Preparation of community profiles on OH&S • Dissemination of information 	<p>Task Force 3. Child labour/adolescent workers</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Elimination of the worst forms of child labour • Identification of hazardous occupations • Work and working conditions of adolescent workers
<p>Task Force 4. Elimination of silicosis</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Updating of the agreement on memorandum between the ILO and WHO on the global programme on elimination of silicosis • Preparation of a brochure to publicize the global programme • Development of simple dust control technologies widely applicable to various industries, in developing countries in particular • Establishment of a national silicosis elimination programme in countries with silicosis exposure with the help of a model programme 	<p>Cont./TF 4</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Development of a comprehensive training package addressing the whole procedure of silicosis elimination, emphasizing the use of simple dust control methods and extension of protection to many workplaces • Preparation of a guideline on health surveillance of dust exposed workers • Organization of an international meeting to review the relationship between TB and silicosis • Training of occupational health physicians and other experts • Other projects related to pneumoconioses and asbestosis 	<p>Task Force 5. Health care workers</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Compilation of existing training materials and preparation of new materials for health care workers • Needlesticks and HIV/Hepatitis • Various guidelines for health care workers • Hospitals as settings for pilot studies • Gaining support of the decision-makers for improving working conditions in the health care sector <p>Task Force 6. Health promotion activity</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Operationalizing the regional strategy with three country models • Development of healthy workplace initiatives in selected countries • Preparation of guidelines for non-manufacturing sectors • Training and public communication • Inter-regional collaboration • Electronic task force bulletin board
<p>Task Force 7. Mental health and stress at work</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Raising awareness on stress at work through a brochure 	<p>Task Force 8. Promotion of OS&H in small enterprises and the informal sector</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Collecting and sharing products (general and 	<p>Task Force 9. Prevention of musculoskeletal disorders</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Questionnaire to all interested Collaborating Centres to survey the MSD situation

<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Preparation of guidelines for occupational health services on prevention of stress at work • Preparation of guidelines on prevention of stress at work for managements • Preparation of guidelines for training the trainers on prevention of stress at work • Preparation of guidelines on prevention of mobbing 	<p>industry-specific guidelines, training packages, etc.)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Occupational health and safety practices in small and medium-sized enterprises • Development of a toolkit to implement the Healthy Workplace initiative 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Inventory of other materials related to prevention of MSDs • Joint efforts to produce publications on prevention of MSDs to end users in the developing countries
<p>Task Force 10. Preventive technology</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Translation of toolkit packages along with EASE model and the ILO Global Harmonization of Chemicals (back-translation and review in the UK) • Adaptation of various materials to local conditions • Further development of PACE 	<p>Task Force 11. Training programmes and modules</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Gathering and sharing of training programmes and materials in occupational health and safety • International consultation on capacity building in OH&S • Further development of curricula and materials for occupational health and safety experts 	<p>Task Force 12. Internet resources and networks</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Preparation of a framework plan for the development of WHO Occupational Health website • Facilitating the exchange of information and communication between the WHO Collaborating Centres through website development • Inventory of available training materials on the web • Developing resources for end users, including training and practical solutions • Identification of significant occupational health and safety issues, development of the consensus view on the issues and dissemination via web • Creating a Southern Africa OH&S Clearing house in Pretoria
<p>Global Strategy 5. Scientific Risk Assessment</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Inventory of existing guidelines for monitoring working conditions • Guidelines for surveillance of workrrs in specific sectors • WHO Guidelines for Health Care Workers • Guidelines for indoor air in offices 	<p>Cont/Global Strategy 5. Scientific Risk Assessment</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Workplace monitoring guidelines and industrial hygiene practice • Guidelines on essential equipment for occupational hygiene laboratories • Guidelines for categorization of work activities on the basis of health risk assessment • Documentation of methodologies and materials 	
<p>Task Force 13. National profiles and indicators</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Tracking of the WHO and EU efforts in profiles and indicators • Organizing small seed funding for countries to collect the survey information • Further development of a strategy for collecting national profile data in OH&S • Publishing of data on country profiles on OH&S collected by the pilot countries • Preparation of regional profiles in OH&S • Extension of the preparation of country profiles 	<p>Task Force 14. Cost-effectiveness of interventions</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Carrying out studies in cost-effectiveness in occupational health • Compilation and dissemination of studies on cost-effectiveness in occupational health and safety 	<p>Task Force 15. Global burden of disease</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Providing comments to the WHO Global Burden of Disease document • Preparation of a guideline for calculating the burden of disease at the national level • Piloting the guideline in three countries • National surveillance of incidence of occupational and work-related diseases by samples • Organizing a special session on global burden of disease in ICOH2003

to all other Collaborating Centres

- Establishing a website and data base on the country profiles in occupational health and safety
- Extension of the profiles to the regional (provincial) local level in the countries
- Sectoral and subject-oriented profiles and indicators