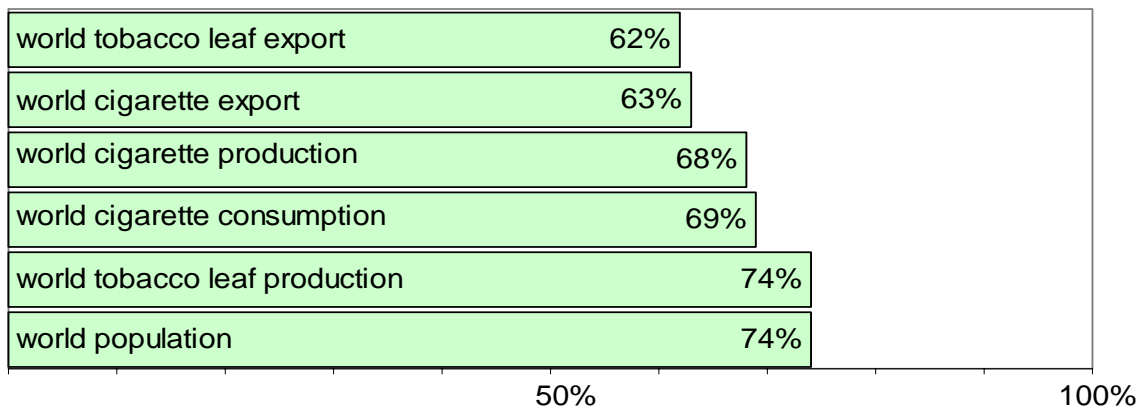


Facts and figures about tobacco

- Tobacco is the leading preventable cause of death in the world.
- Tobacco is the only consumer product that kills when used as intended by its manufacturers.
- Tobacco causes 1 in 10 adult deaths worldwide.
- Tobacco causes nearly 5 million deaths a year, or one death every 6.5 seconds.
- The current death toll will nearly double by 2020 if current trends continue.
- Total global smoking prevalence is 29%. By gender, 47.5% of men and 10.3% of women smoke.
- Tobacco kills 50% of its regular users. Of the 1.3 billion smokers alive today, 650 million will eventually be killed by tobacco. Of them, 325 million between the ages of 35 and 69.
- 900 million smokers, or 84% of the world total, live in developing and transitional economy countries.
- By 2030, 70% of deaths attributable to tobacco will occur in the developing world.
- 100 million deaths were caused by tobacco in the 20th century. If current trends continue, there will be one billion deaths in the 21st century.

First session of the Conference of the Parties (COP) to the WHO Framework Convention on Tobacco Control (WHO FCTC).

- There are 113 full Parties to the first COP. They represent:



- including:

3 out of the 5 top tobacco leaf exporters:



4 out of the 5 top cigarette exporters:



8 out of the 11 Mega Countries:



- Current status (as of 30 Jan) of the WHO FCTC counts 121 Contracting Parties. Another 73 countries are still eligible to become Parties to the WHO FCTC

**There are currently 73 countries still eligible to become
Parties to the WHO FCTC (as of 30 Jan 2006)***

Countries in bold have not signed and therefore need to deposit instrument of accession

Africas (21)	Americas (19)	South-East Asia (2)	Europe (20)	Eastern Mediterranean (8)	Western Pacific (2)
Algeria	Antigua and Barbuda	Indonesia	Albania	Afghanistan	Lao's People Republic
Angola	Argentina	Nepal	Andorra	Bahrain	Papua New Guinea
Burkina Faso	Bahamas		Bosnia and Herzegovina	Iraq	
Cameroon	Colombia		Croatia	Kuwait	
Congo	Costa Rica		Czech Republic	Morocco	
Cote d'Ivoire	Cuba		Georgia	Somalia	
Eritrea	Dominica		Italy	Tunisia	
Ethiopia	Dominican Republic		Kazakhstan	Yemen	
Gabon	Ecuador		Kyrgyzstan		
Gambia	El Salvador		Moldova (Republic of)		
Guinea Bissau	Grenada		Monaco		
Guinea	Haiti		Poland		
Liberia	Nicaragua		The former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia		
Malawi	Paraguay		Russian Federation		
Mozambique	Saint Kitts and Nevis		Serbia & Montenegro		
Sao Tome and Principe	Saint Vincent & the Grenadines		Switzerland		
Sierra Leone	Suriname		Tajikistan		
Uganda	United States of America		Turkmenistan		
United Republic of Tanzania	Venezuela (Bolivarian Republic of)		Ukraine		
Zambia			Uzbekistan		
Zimbabwe					

Note: Liechtenstein, although not a WHO Member State, is eligible to become a Party to the WHO FCTC as a UN Member State.