

Drink-driving: the facts

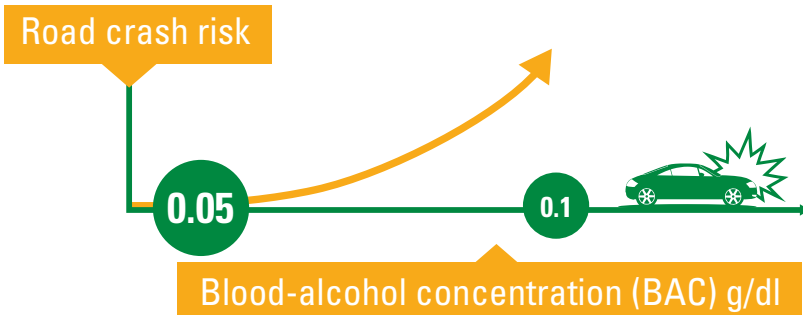
Drinking alcohol and driving increases the risk of a road traffic crash

Above a blood-alcohol concentration (BAC) of 0.05 g/dl, the risk of road traffic crash increases dramatically.



Drink-driving laws should be based on a blood alcohol concentration (BAC) limit of no more than

0.05 g/dl



Enforcement of drink-driving laws has been shown to be more effective when it includes random breath tests for all drivers.

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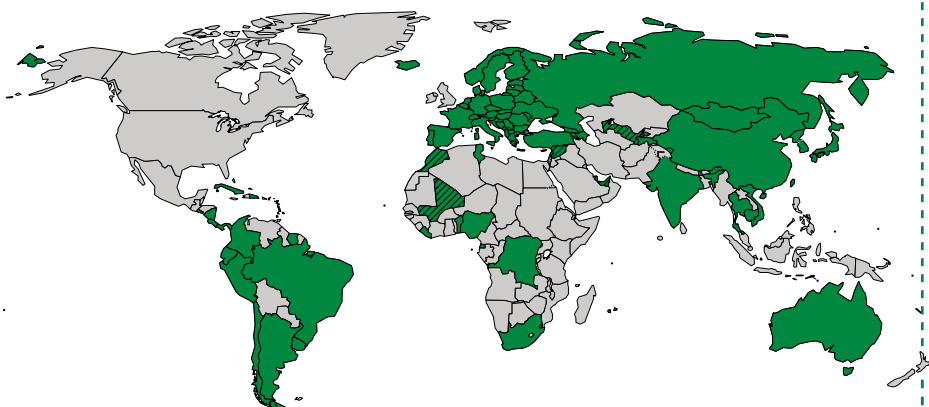
of the world's countries use **random breath testing** to enforce their drink-driving laws.

Strictly enforcing a drink-driving law can reduce the number of road deaths by **20%**.



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countries now have a drink-driving law based on a BAC of ≤ 0.05 g/dl.



Countries with a national drink-driving law based on BAC of ≤ 0.05 g/dl

Only **21%** of countries report enforcement of their drink-driving laws as **good**.



World Health Organization

Source: Global status report on road safety 2013

www.who.int/violence_injury_prevention/road_safety_status

