Facts:

- In the Islamic Republic of Iran, chronic diseases accounted for 70% of all deaths in 2002 (see chart, right).
  - Total deaths in the Islamic Republic of Iran, 2002 = 385,000.
  - Total deaths related to chronic disease in the Islamic Republic of Iran, 2002 = 268,000.

Note:
The data presented in this information sheet were estimated by WHO using standard methods to maximize cross-country comparability. They are not necessarily the official statistics of WHO Member States.
Projected prevalence of overweight, the Islamic Republic of Iran, males and females aged 30 years or more, 2005 and 2015

Facts:
• Raised body mass index (overweight and obesity) is an important cause of chronic disease.
• Prevalence of overweight in the Islamic Republic of Iran is expected to increase in women over the next 10 years, but remain relatively constant in men (see charts, left).

Solutions:
• At least 80% of premature heart disease, stroke and type 2 diabetes, and 40% of cancer could be prevented through healthy diet, regular physical activity and avoidance of tobacco products.
• Cost-effective interventions exist, and have worked in many countries: the most successful strategies have employed a range of population-wide approaches combined with interventions for individuals.