THE IMPACT OF CHRONIC DISEASE IN THE LIBYAN ARAB JAMAHIRIYA

Chronic diseases are the major cause of death and disability worldwide

**Facts:**
- In the Libyan Arab Jamahiriya, chronic diseases accounted for 73% of all deaths in 2002 (see chart, right).
  - Total deaths in the Libyan Arab Jamahiriya, 2002 = 23,000.
  - Total deaths related to chronic disease in the Libyan Arab Jamahiriya, 2002 = 17,000.

**Note:**
The data presented in this information sheet were estimated by WHO using standard methods to maximize cross-country comparability. They are not necessarily the official statistics of WHO Member States.

*Deaths by cause, all ages, Libyan Arab Jamahiriya, 2002*
Projected prevalence of overweight, Libyan Arab Jamahiriya, males and females aged 30 years or more, 2005 and 2015

Facts:
- Raised body mass index (overweight and obesity) is an important cause of chronic disease.
- Prevalence of overweight in the Libyan Arab Jamahiriya is expected to increase in both men and women over the next 10 years (see charts, left).

Solutions:
- At least 80% of premature heart disease, stroke and type 2 diabetes, and 40% of cancer could be prevented through healthy diet, regular physical activity and avoidance of tobacco products.
- Cost-effective interventions exist, and have worked in many countries: the most successful strategies have employed a range of population-wide approaches combined with interventions for individuals.