THE IMPACT OF CHRONIC DISEASE IN YEMEN

Chronic diseases are the major cause of death and disability worldwide

Facts:
- In Yemen, chronic diseases accounted for 43% of all deaths in 2002.
  - Total deaths in Yemen, 2002 = 171,000.
  - Total deaths related to chronic disease in Yemen, 2002 = 73,000.

Note:
The data presented in this information sheet were estimated by WHO using standard methods to maximize cross-country comparability. They are not necessarily the official statistics of WHO Member States.

Deaths by cause, all ages, Yemen, 2002

- Communicable, maternal and perinatal, nutritional deficiencies: 47%
- Cardiovascular disease: 21%
- Cancer: 5%
- Chronic respiratory disease: 3%
- Diabetes: 1%
- Other chronic diseases: 13%
- Injuries: 10%
Projected prevalence of overweight, Yemen, males and females aged 30 years or more, 2005 and 2015

**Facts:**
- Raised body mass index (overweight and obesity) is an important cause of chronic disease.
- Prevalence of overweight in Yemen is expected to remain relatively constant in men and increase in women over the next 10 years (see charts, left).

**Solutions:**
- At least 80% of premature heart disease, stroke and type 2 diabetes, and 40% of cancer could be prevented through healthy diet, regular physical activity and avoidance of tobacco products.
- Cost-effective interventions exist, and have worked in many countries: the most successful strategies have employed a range of population-wide approaches combined with interventions for individuals.