Health Facility Status

- Fully Damaged
- Partially Damaged, Non Functional
- Partially Damaged, Functional

Population density per square km

- Disputed Boundaries
- District Boundaries
- Affected/Non Affected Districts

Sources: WHO 2010, Landscan 2008

Health situation/alerts and outbreak

- As of 24 August, 54 mobile and 383 static health posts by health partners are providing services in 7 districts whereas 1,802 Relief camps are providing services in 15 districts of Sindh by the Government. The Executive Director’s Office for Health in Sindh has directed all Department of Health (DoH) staff to establish oral rehydration therapy (ORT) corners in their health facilities. WHO requested organizations working in Sindh District to establish similar areas in all their assigned health facilities and mobile medical camps.

- In Khyber Pakhtunkhwa (KPK), 124 health teams and static health facilities from 9 flood-affected districts were deployed to provide health services to affected communities.

Health Facility damage

- 408 health care facilities are partially while 164 are totally damaged according to the early assessments done so far (180 on the map). The impact of each damaged health facility will vary in terms of service delivery function, as partial or full destruction of DOHs has far more severe impact than a health post or a rural health area, or of its authorities, or concerning the delimitation of its frontiers or boundaries. © WHO 2010. All rights reserved.

Pakistan Health Challenges
(August 24, 2010)