The full impact of the Task Force will only be realised by working in partnership with others.

The Task Force provides a unique force to help countries build solutions for NCDs beyond the health sector.


1 Prevention of cervical cancer by screening women aged 30-49, either through visual inspection with acetic acid linked with timely treatment of pre-cancerous lesions; pap smear (cervical cytology) every 3-5 years linked with timely treatment of pre-cancerous lesions or; Human papillomavirus test every 5 years linked with timely treatment of pre-cancerous lesions.

2 Which includes a mass media campaign combined with other community based education, motivational and environmental programs aimed at supporting behavioural change of physical activity levels.

3 Such as hospitals, schools, workplaces and nursing homes, to enable lower sodium options to be provided.

4 Drug therapy (including glycaemic control for diabetes mellitus and control of hypertension using a total risk approach) and counselling to individuals who have had a heart attack or stroke, & to persons with high/moderate to high risk.

© WHO 2017. Some rights reserved. This work is available under the CC BY-NC-SA 3.0 IGO licence. WHO/NMH/NMA/17.56